#### **Final**

## Site Investigation Report Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q

## Fort McClellan Calhoun County, Alabama

#### **Prepared for:**

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Task Order CK10
Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018
Shaw Project No. 796887

August 2005

**Revision 0** 

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#### **Executive Summary**

In accordance with Contract Number DACA21-96-D-0018, Task Order CK10, Shaw
Environmental, Inc. completed a site investigation (SI) at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range,
Parcel 104Q, at Fort McClellan in Calhoun County, Alabama. The SI was conducted to
determine whether chemical constituents are present at the site and, if present, whether the
concentrations pose an unacceptable risk to human health or the environment. The SI at the
Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, consisted of the collection and analysis of 22
surface soil samples, 22 subsurface soil samples, and 2 groundwater samples. Two permanent
monitoring wells were also installed at the site to facilitate groundwater sample collection and to
provide site-specific geological and hydrogeological characterization information.
Chemical analysis of samples collected at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q,
indicates that metals, volatile organic compounds, pesticides, and one herbicide were detected in
site media. Semivolatile organic compounds and explosives were not detected in site media. To
evaluate whether the detected constituents pose an unacceptable risk to human health or the
environment, the analytical results were compared to human health site-specific screening levels
ecological screening values, and background screening values for Fort McClellan. Site metals
data were further evaluated using statistical and geochemical methods to determine if the metals
detected in site media were naturally occurring. A human health preliminary risk assessment
(PRA) and preliminary ecological risk assessment (PERA) were also performed to further
characterize the potential threat to human health and the environment.
Although Parcel 104Q is projected for industrial and passive recreation reuse, the analytical data
were evaluated against a residential reuse scenario to determine if the site is suitable for
unrestricted future use. The statistical and geochemical evaluations determined that the metals
detected in site media were present at naturally occurring levels. The PRA did not identify any
chemicals of potential concern in site media. Therefore, the PRA concluded that exposure to site
media does not pose a threat to human health.
The PERA initially identified three pesticides and one herbicide as constituents of potential
ecological concern in surface soil. Following further evaluation of the chemicals using
additional lines of evidence, the PERA determined that these chemicals should not be retained as
constituents of ecological concern. Therefore, the PERA concluded that these compounds are

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unlikely to pose a risk to ecological receptors at the site.

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2	Based on the results of the SI, past operations at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel
3	104Q, have not adversely impacted the environment. The metals and chemical compounds
4	detected in site media do not pose an unacceptable risk to human health and the environment.
5	Therefore, Shaw Environmental, Inc. recommends "No Further Action" and unrestricted land
6	reuse with regard to CERCLA-related hazardous substances at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun
7	Range, Parcel 104Q.

#### 1.0 Introduction

2 The U.S. Army has selected Fort McClellan (FTMC), located in Calhoun County, Alabama, for 3 closure by the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Commission under Public Laws 100-526 4 5 and 101-510. The 1990 Base Closure Act, Public Law 101-510, established the process by which U.S. Department of Defense (DOD) installations would be closed or realigned. The BRAC 6 Environmental Restoration Program requires investigation and cleanup of federal properties prior 7 to transfer to the public domain. The U.S. Army is conducting environmental studies of the 8 impact of suspected contaminants at parcels at FTMC under the management of the U.S. Army 9 Corps of Engineers (USACE)-Mobile District. The USACE contracted Shaw Environmental, 10

13 Order CK10.

This report presents specific information and results compiled from the SI, including field sampling and analysis and monitoring well installation activities conducted at the Former

concern (COPC) may be present as a result of historical range activities.

17 Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q.

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#### 1.1 Project Description

The Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, was identified as an area to be investigated prior to property transfer. The site was classified as a Category 1 Qualified parcel in the *Final Environmental Baseline Survey, Fort McClellan, Alabama*, (Environmental Science and Engineering, Inc. [ESE], 1998). Category 1 Qualified parcels are areas that have no evidence of Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)-related hazardous substance or petroleum product storage, release, or disposal but that do have other environmental or safety concerns. Parcel 104Q was qualified because chemicals of potential

Inc. (Shaw) (formerly IT Corporation [IT]) to perform the site investigation (SI) at the Former

Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, under Contract Number DACA21-96-D-0018, Task

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A site-specific work plan, comprised of a field sampling plan (SFSP), a safety and health plan, and an unexploded ordnance (UXO) safety plan, was finalized in March 2002 (IT, 2002a). The work plan was prepared to provide technical guidance for SI field activities at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q. The site-specific work plan was used as as attachment to the installation-wide work plan (IT, 1998) and the installation-wide sampling and analysis plan (SAP) (IT, 2000a; IT, 2002b). The SAP includes the installation-wide safety and health plan and quality assurance plan.

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The SI included fieldwork to collect 22 surface soil samples, 22 subsurface soil samples, and 2

groundwater samples to determine whether potential site-specific chemicals are present at the

4 site.

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#### 1.2 Purpose and Objectives

- 7 The SI program was designed to collect data from site media and provide a level of defensible
- 8 data and information in sufficient detail to determine whether chemical constituents are present
- 9 at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, at concentrations that pose an
- unacceptable risk to human health or the environment. The conclusions of the SI in Chapter 6.0
- are based on the comparison of the analytical results to human health site-specific screening
- levels (SSSL), ecological screening values (ESV), and background screening values for FTMC.
- 13 The SSSLs and ESVs were developed by Shaw as part of the human health and ecological risk
- evaluations associated with SIs being performed under the BRAC Environmental Restoration
- 15 Program at FTMC. The SSSLs and ESVs are presented in the Final Human Health and
- 16 Ecological Screening Values and PAH Background Summary Report (IT, 2000b). Background
- metals screening values are presented in the Final Background Metals Survey Report, Fort
- 18 McClellan, Alabama (Science Applications International Corporation [SAIC], 1998). Site metals
- data were also evaluated using statistical and geochemical methods to determine if the metals
- were site related. In addition, a human health preliminary risk assessment (PRA) and preliminary
- 21 ecological risk assessment (PERA) were performed to further characterize potential risks to
- 22 human health and the environment.

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Based on the conclusions presented in this SI report, the BRAC Cleanup Team will decide either

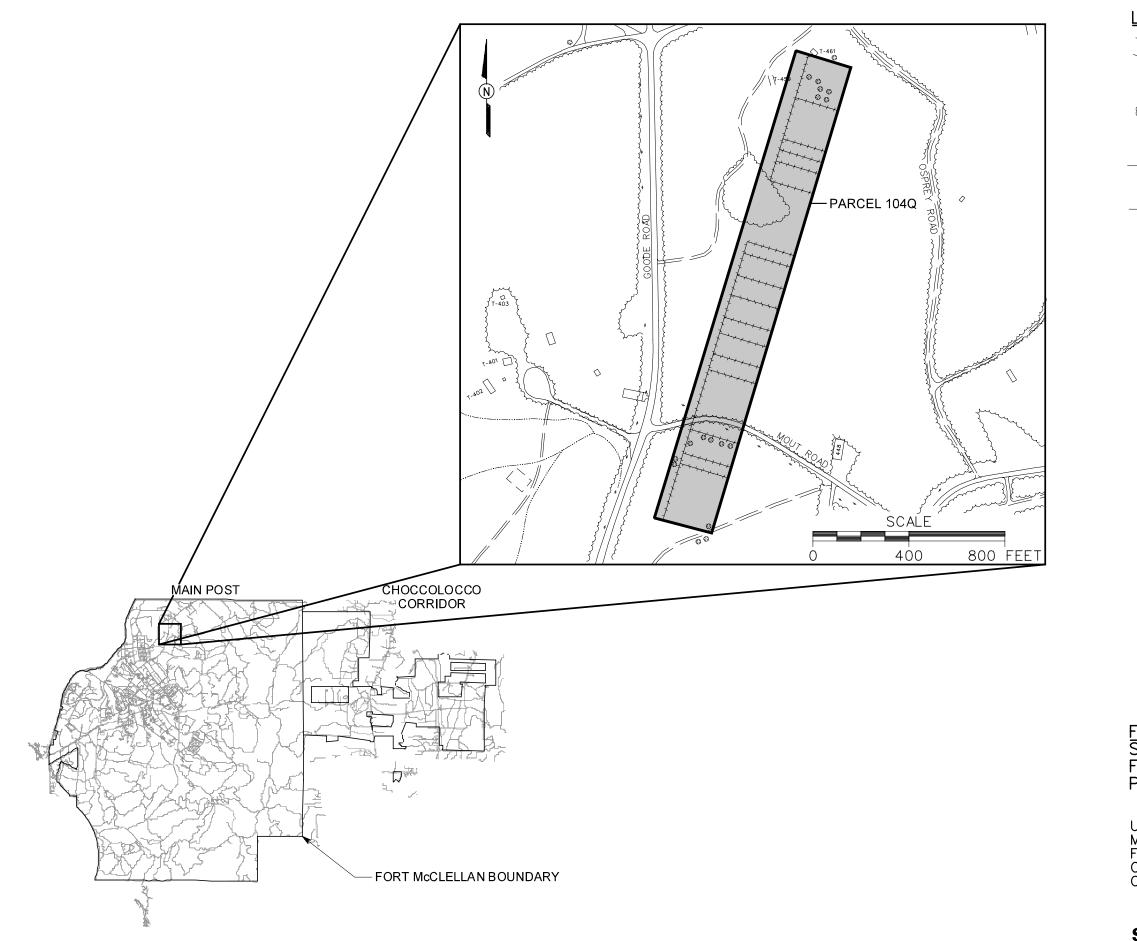
25 to propose "No Further Action" or to conduct additional work at the site.

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#### 1.3 Site Description and History

- 28 The Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, is located east of Goode Road in the north-
- central area of the FTMC Main Post (Figure 1-1). The EBS documents this site as one of seven
- former rifle/machine gun ranges identified in the northern portion of the Main Post (ESE, 1998).
- Parcel 104Q, which covers approximately 12 acres, is oriented generally north to south, with the
- firing line area along the northern parcel boundary (Figure 1-2).

- In the Archives Search Report (ASR), the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, is
- referred to as World War I Machine Gun Range (USACE, 2001a). The ASR states this machine
- 36 gun range was built during World War I and was abandoned sometime prior to World War II.



LEGEND

UNIMPROVED ROADS AND PARKING

PAVED ROADS AND PARKING

BUILDING

TREES / TREELINE



PARCEL BOUNDARY



SURFACE DRAINAGE / CREEK



UTILITY POLE



DEPRESSION (POSSIBLE FOXHOLE OR TARGET BUNKERS)

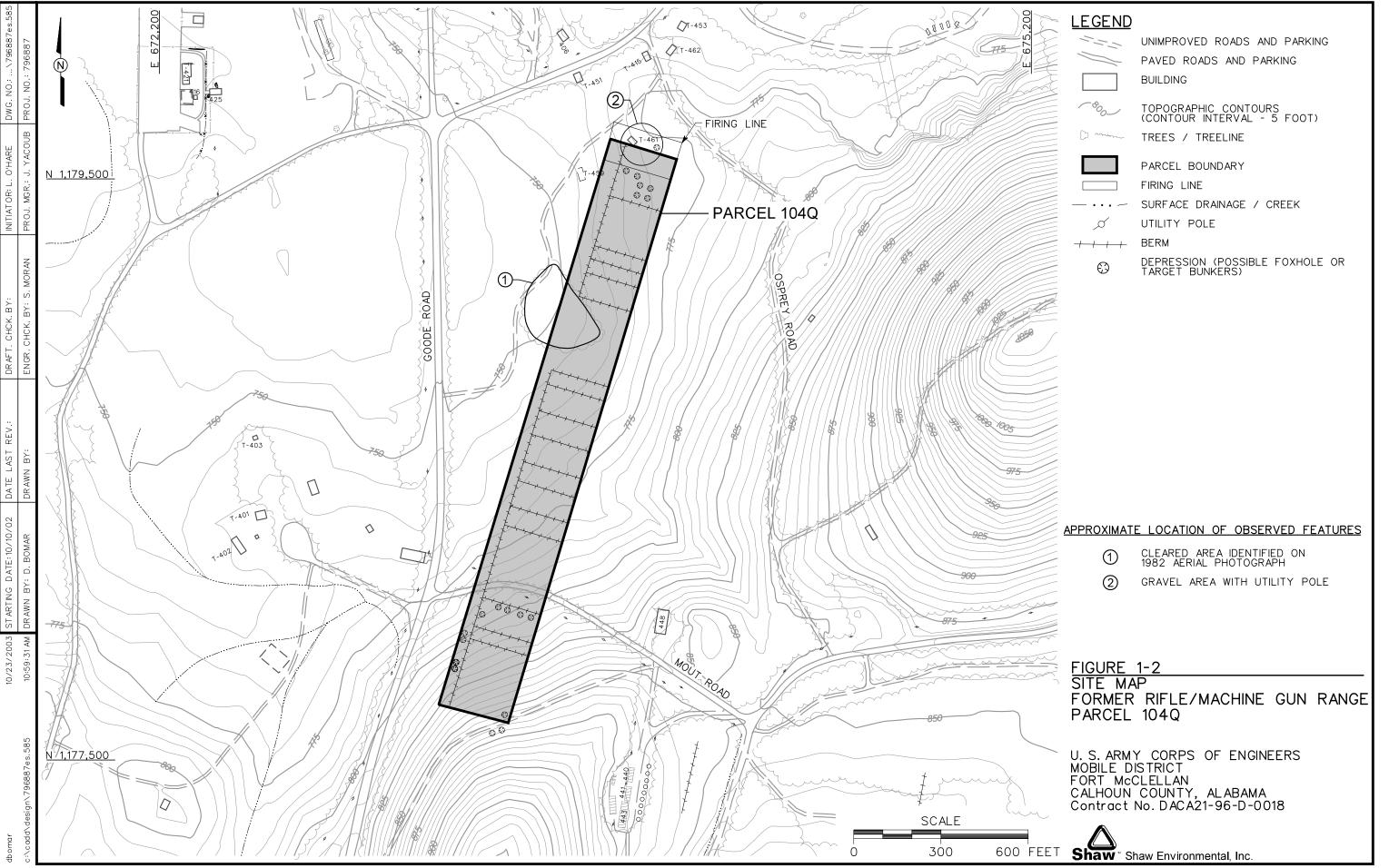
FIGURE 1-1

SITE LOCATION MAP FORMER RIFLE/MACHINE GUN RANGE PARCEL 104Q

U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS MOBILE DISTRICT FORT McCLELLAN CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018



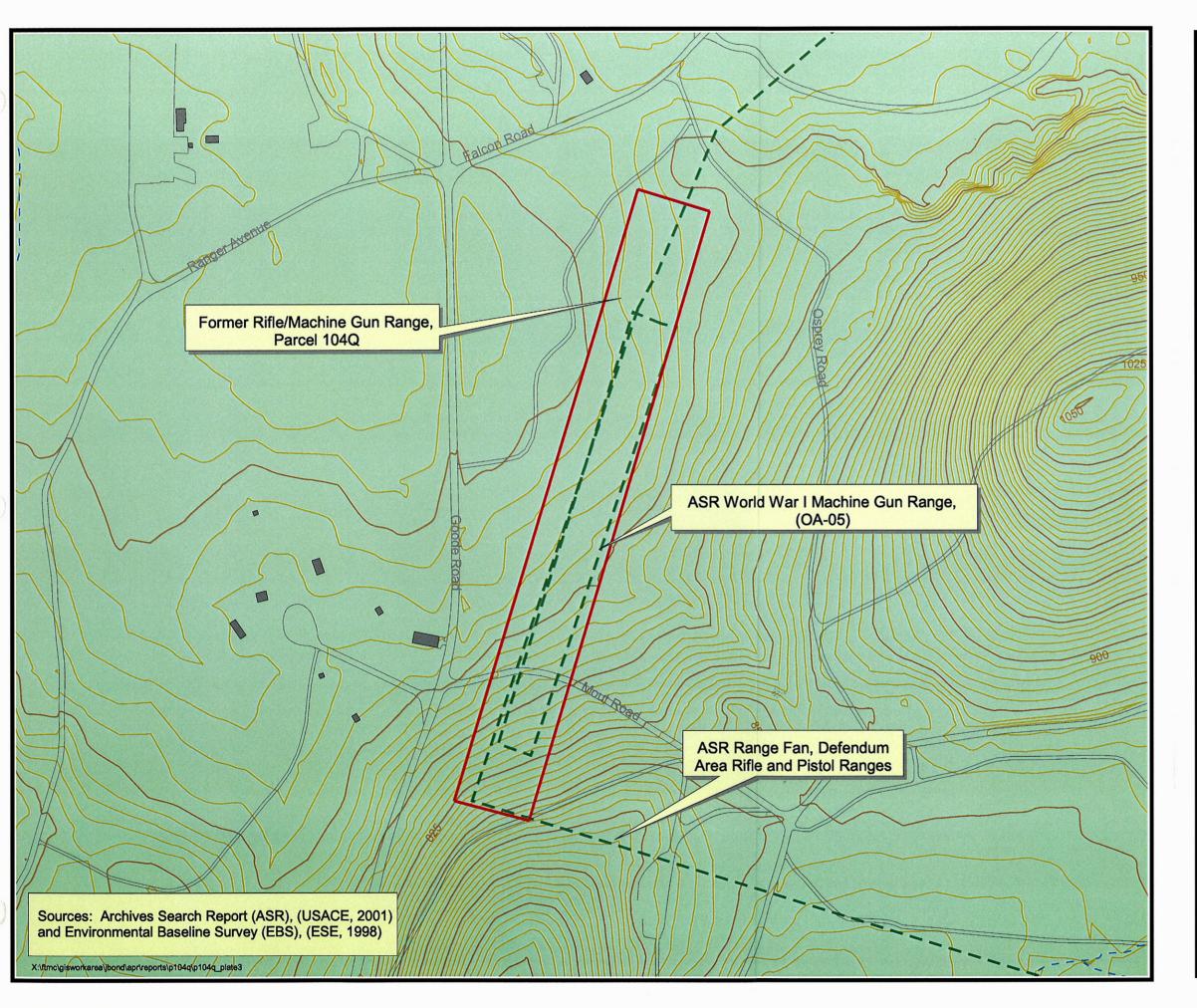
Shaw \* Shaw Environmental, Inc.



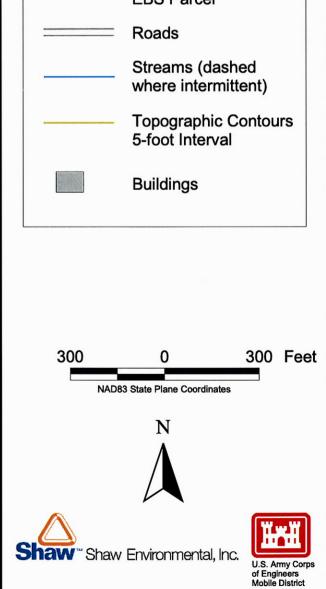
- Documentation indicates that only machine gun fire was conducted at this range; there is no
- 2 indication that explosive ordnance was used on the range. The World War I Machine Gun Range
- 3 was located in the western portion of the Defendum Area ranges, and is shown on Plate 3 (World
- War I Use), Plate 4 (Inter-War Use), and Plate 10 (Cumulative Map of All Ranges) of the ASR
- 5 (USACE, 2001a). The orientation of the range is generally the same on all plates, as shown on
- 6 the Range Location Map (Figure 1-3).

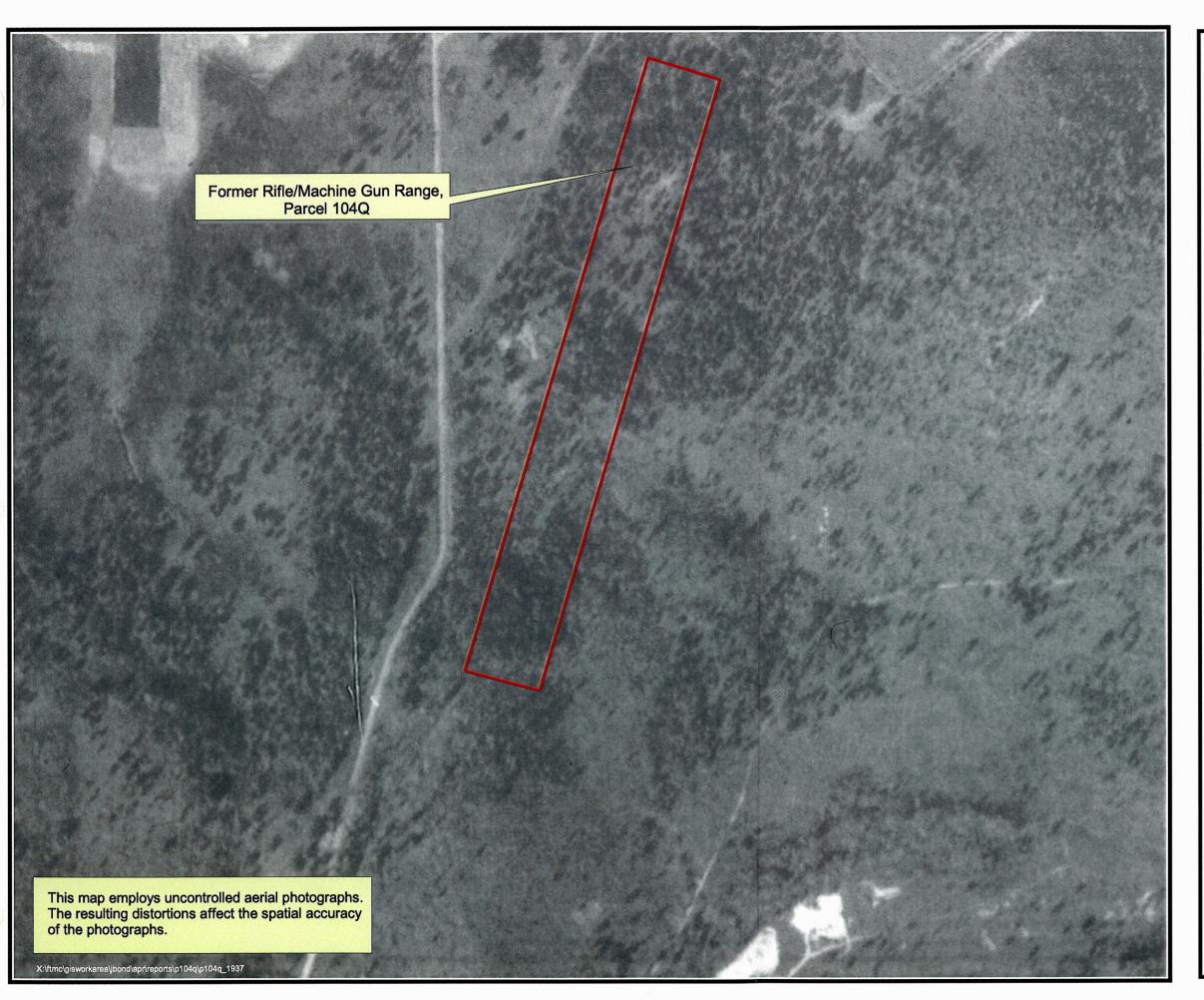
- 8 Available aerial photographs (1937 through 1998) were reviewed to identify any land-use activity
- 9 at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q. In the 1937 photograph, the parcel
- appears to be overgrown, with virtually no disturbed areas (Figure 1-4). The 1940 photograph
- shows that two roads have been cut across the southern portion of the parcel, apparently serving
- as access roads to ranges east of Parcel 104Q (Figure 1-5). In the 1954 photograph, there are no
- additional visibly disturbed areas. The 1969 photograph reveals increased activity at one of the
- roads and increased use in the southern portion of the parcel, possibly the result of operations at
- an adjacent range (Parcel 89Q). In the 1982 photograph, an area that extends into the western
- portion of the parcel has been cleared of tree cover (Figure 1-6). This cleared area is also shown
- on Figure 1-2 as observed feature No. 1. The review of aerial photographs did not reveal
- evidence of an active range at Parcel 104Q, which supports the ASR documentation that use of
- this range ceased prior to World War II.

- During SI site walks conducted in December 2001, features consistent with use of the area as a
- small-arms range were observed at Parcel 104Q. A series of partially eroded berms
- 23 (approximately 3 feet high) transect the width of the parcel at approximately 75-foot intervals
- throughout much of the central and southern portions of the parcel. Signs mounted on trees mark
- 25 the endpoints of some of the berms, which appear to be target areas. Several rectangular
- depressions (approximately 3 feet by 5 feet by 2 feet deep) are aligned roughly parallel to the
- inside boundary of the firing line area in the northern portion of the parcel. Similar depressions
- are also located in the southern portion of the parcel. Some of these are aligned with one of the
- berms and others are aligned with the western parcel boundary. A gravel area with a utility pole
- that may have been used as a parking or staging area for this or an adjacent range is located in the
- 31 northern area of the parcel (Figure 1-2).



# Figure 1-3 Range Location Map, ASR Plate 3 Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Alabama Legend ---- ASR Range EBS Parcel





1937 Aerial Photograph

Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Alabama



Parcel Boundary

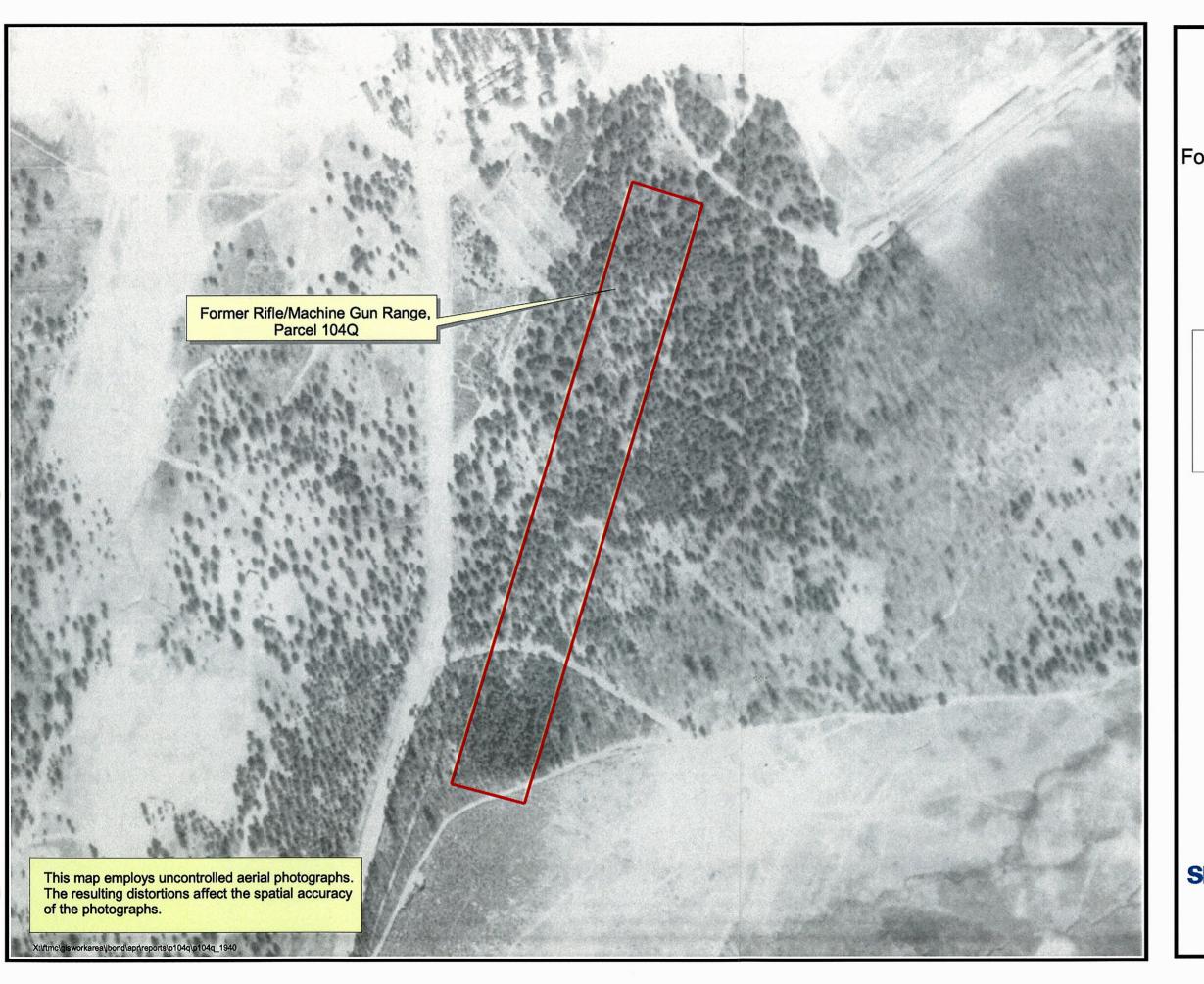
300 0 300 Feet

NAD83 State Plane Coordinates









#### 1940 Aerial Photograph

Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Alabama

#### Legend

Parcel Boundary

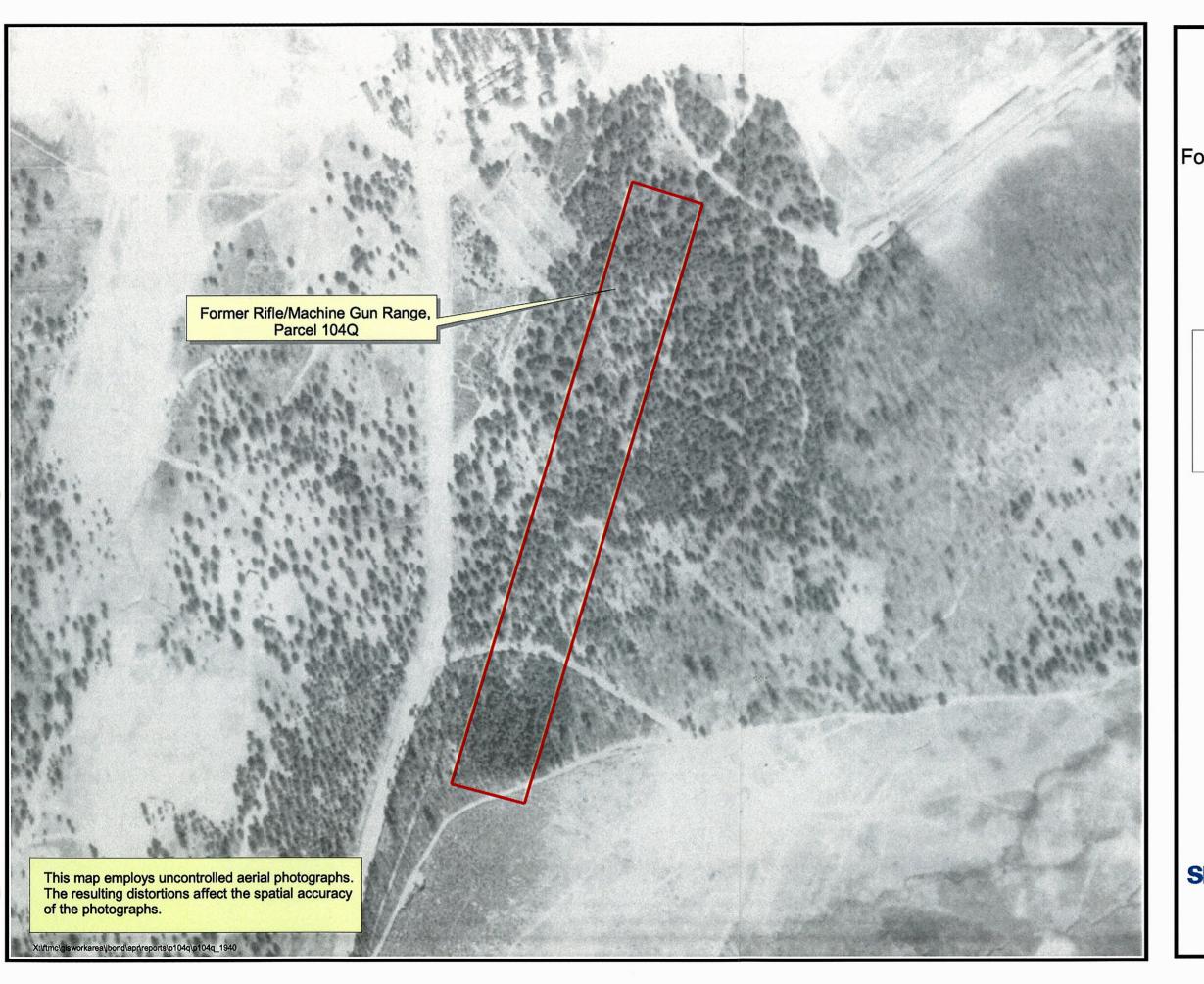
300 0 300 Feet

NAD83 State Plane Coordinates









#### 1940 Aerial Photograph

Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Alabama

#### Legend

Parcel Boundary

300 0 300 Feet

NAD83 State Plane Coordinates







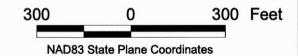


1982 Aerial Photograph

Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Alabama



Parcel Boundary









#### 2.0 Previous Investigations

	conducted by ESE to document current environmental conditions of all FTMC
	E, 1998). The study was to identify sites that, based on available information, have
no history of	contamination and comply with DOD guidance for fast-track cleanup at closing
installations.	The EBS also provides a baseline picture of FTMC properties by identifying and
categorizing	the properties by seven criteria:
1.	Areas where no storage, release, or disposal of hazardous substances or petroleum
	products has occurred (including no migration of these substances from adjacent
	areas).
2.	Areas where only release or disposal of petroleum products has occurred.
2.	Thous where only resource of disposar of poutstant products and occurrent
3.	Areas where release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances has
	occurred, but at concentrations that do not require a removal or remedial response.
4.	Areas where release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances has occurred, and all removal or remedial actions to protect human health and the
	environment have been taken.
	on viroumient have been taken.
5.	Areas where release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances has
	occurred, and removal or remedial actions are underway, but all required remedial
	actions have not yet been taken.
6	A was where release dispersal and/or migration of horserdove substances has
0.	Areas where release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances has occurred, but required actions have not yet been implemented.
	occurred, but required actions have not yet been implemented.
7.	Areas that are not evaluated or require additional evaluation.
	- -
For non-CER	CLA environmental or safety issues, the parcel label includes the following
components:	a unique, non-CERCLA issue number; the letter "Q" designating the parcel as a
Community 1	Environmental Response Facilitation Act (CERFA) Category 1 Qualified parcel; and
the code of the	ne specific non-CERCLA issue(s) present (ESE, 1998). The non-CERCLA issue
codes used as	re:
•	A = Asbestos (in buildings)
	L = Lead-based paint (in buildings)
	P = Polychlorinated biphenyls
•	R = Radon (in buildings)

• RD = Radionuclides/radiological issues

 $\bullet$  X = UXO 1 • CWM = Chemical warfare material. 2 3 4 The EBS was conducted in accordance with CERFA protocols (Public Law 102-426) and DOD policy regarding contamination assessment. Record searches and reviews were performed on all 5 reasonably available documents from FTMC, the Alabama Department of Environmental 6 Management (ADEM), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 4, and Calhoun 7 County, as well as a database search of CERCLA-regulated substances, petroleum products, and 8 9 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act-regulated facilities. Available historical maps and aerial photographs were reviewed to document historical land uses. Personal and telephone 10 interviews of past and present FTMC employees and military personnel were conducted. In 11 12 addition, visual site inspections were conducted to verify conditions of specific property parcels. 13 14 The Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, is an area where no known or recorded storage, release, or disposal (including migration) has occurred on site property. However, the 15 parcel was qualified because COPCs may be present because of historical range activities. 16 Therefore, the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, required additional evaluation to 17 determine its environmental condition. 18

#### 3.0 Current Site Investigation Activities

This chapter summarizes SI activities conducted by Shaw at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun
Range, Parcel 104Q, including UXO avoidance activities, environmental sampling and analysis, and groundwater monitoring well installation activities.

3.1 UXO Avoidance

UXO avoidance was performed at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, following methodology outlined in the SAP. Shaw UXO personnel used a low-sensitivity magnetometer to perform a surface sweep of the parcel prior to site access. After the site was cleared for access, sample locations were monitored by UXO personnel following procedures outlined in the SAP.

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#### 3.2 Environmental Sampling

- 14 Environmental sampling performed during the SI at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range,
- Parcel 104Q, included the collection of surface soil samples, subsurface soil samples, and
- 16 groundwater samples for chemical analysis. Sample locations were determined by observing site
- physical characteristics during a site walk and by reviewing historical documents and aerial
- photographs pertaining to activities conducted at the site. The sample locations, media, and
- rationale are summarized in Table 3-1. Sampling locations are shown on Figure 3-1. Samples
- were submitted for laboratory analysis of site-related parameters listed in Section 3.4.

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#### 3.2.1 Surface Soil Sampling

- 23 Surface soil samples were collected from 22 locations at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range,
- Parcel 104Q, as shown on Figure 3-1. Soil sampling locations and rationale are presented in
- Table 3-1. Sample designations and analytical parameters are listed in Table 3-2. Soil sampling
- locations were determined in the field by the on-site geologist based on UXO avoidance
- 27 activities, sampling rationale, presence of surface structures, and site topography.

- 29 **Sample Collection.** Surface soil samples were collected from the uppermost foot of soil using
- either a direct-push technology (DPT) sampling system or a stainless-steel hand auger, following
- the methodology specified in the SAP. Surface soil samples were collected by first removing
- surface debris (e.g., rocks and vegetation) from the immediate sample area. The soil was then
- collected with the sampling device and screened with a photoionization detector (PID) in
- 34 accordance with procedures outlined in the SAP. As necessary, the soil fraction for volatile
- organic compound (VOC) analysis was collected directly from the sampler using three EnCore®
- samplers. The remaining soil was then transferred to a clean stainless-steel bowl, homogenized,

#### Table 3-1

#### Sampling Locations and Rationale Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 1 of 2)

Sample Location	Sample Media	Sample Location Rationale
HR-104Q-GP01	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected near the northwest corner of the parcel within the graveled portion of the firing line area, downslope of most of the parcel, to determine if contaminated soil exists at this location.
HR-104Q-GP02	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected in the northern section of this parcel in the firing line area to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location.
HR-104Q-GP03	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected south of the firing line in an area of rectangular depressions, downslope of most of the depressions, to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location.
HR-104Q-GP04	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the north-central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP05	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the north-central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP06	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the north-central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP07	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP08	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP09	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP10	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP11	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP12	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location

#### Table 3-1

#### Sampling Locations and Rationale Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 2 of 2)

Sample Location	Sample Media	Sample Location Rationale
HR-104Q-GP13	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the south-central portion of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP14	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected adjacent to depressions and bermed target line in the southern portion of the parcel, south of MOUT Road, to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP15	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected adjacent to depressions and bermed target line in the southern portion of the parcel, south of MOUT Road, to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP16	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected at a bermed area (target line) in the southern portion of the parcel, south of MOUT Road, to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP17	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected downslope of two depressions in the southern portion of the parcel, south of MOUT Road, to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP18	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected upslope of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP19	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected upslope of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location
HR-104Q-GP20	Surface soil and subsurface soil	Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected in the south-central portion of the parcel, upslope of one bermed target line and downslope of another bermed target line, to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated soil exists at this location.
HR-104Q-MW01	Surface soil, subsurface soil and groundwater	Surface soil, subsurface soil, and groundwater samples were collected near a series of bermed target lines in the central area of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated media exists at this location.
HR-104Q-MW02	Surface soil, subsurface soil and groundwater	Surface soil, subsurface soil, and groundwater samples were collected near a series of bermed target lines in the northern area of the parcel to determine if contaminant releases into the environment have occurred from former activities and if contaminated media exists at this location.

Table 3-2

#### Soil Sample Designations and Analytical Parameters Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 1 of 2)

			QA/C	C Samples	
Sample		Sample	Field		
Location	Sample Designation	Depth (ft)	Duplicates	MS/MSD	Analytical Parameters
HR-104Q-GP01	HR-104Q-GP01-SS-QK0001-REG	0-1	HR-104Q-GP01-SS-QK0002-FD	HR-104Q-GP01-SS-QK0001-MS/MSD	Metals, VOCs, SVOCs, Explosives,
HK-104Q-GF01	HR-104Q-GP01-DS-QK0003-REG	2-4			Pesticides, and Herbicides
HR-104Q-GP02	HR-104Q-GP02-SS-QK0004-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
11111-1040-01-02	HR-104Q-GP02-SS-QK0005-REG	3-4			Motals and Explosives
HR-104Q-GP03	HR-104Q-GP03-SS-QK0006-REG	0-1			Metals, VOCs, SVOCs, Explosives,
111(-104Q-01-03	HR-104Q-GP03-DS-QK0007-REG	3-4	HR-104Q-GP03-DS-QK0008-FD		Pesticides, and Herbicides
HR-104Q-GP04	HR-104Q-GP04-SS-QK0009-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
111(-104Q-01-04	HR-104Q-GP04-DS-QK0010-REG	2-4			Words and Explosives
HR-104Q-GP05	HR-104Q-GP05-SS-QK0011-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
71111 1040 01 00	HR-104Q-GP05-DS-QK0012-REG	2-4			metals and Expression
HR-104Q-GP06	HR-104Q-GP06-SS-QK0013-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
71111 1044 01 00	HR-104Q-GP06-DS-QK0014-REG	2-4			
HR-104Q-GP07	HR-104Q-GP07-SS-QK0015-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
711111111111111111111111111111111111111	HR-104Q-GP07-DS-QK0016-REG	3-4			
HR-104Q-GP08	HR-104Q-GP08-SS-QK0017-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
	HR-104Q-GP08-DS-QK0018-REG	3-4			
HR-104Q-GP09	HR-104Q-GP09-SS-QK0019-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	HR-104Q-GP09-DS-QK0020-REG	3-4			
HR-104Q-GP10	HR-104Q-GP10-SS-QK0021-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
	HR-104Q-GP10-DS-QK0022-REG	2-4		HR-104Q-GP10-DS-QK0022-MS/MSD	
HR-104Q-GP11	HR-104Q-GP11-SS-QK0023-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
	HR-104Q-GP11-DS-QK0024-REG	3-4			
HR-104Q-GP12	HR-104Q-GP12-SS-QK0025-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
	HR-104Q-GP12-DS-QK0026-REG	3-4			
HR-104Q-GP13	HR-104Q-GP13-SS-QK0027-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
	HR-104Q-GP13-DS-QK0028-REG	3-4			
HR-104Q-GP14	HR-104Q-GP14-SS-QK0029-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
1,111 10-10 01 14	HR-104Q-GP14-DS-QK0030-REG	3-4			

Table 3-2

#### Soil Sample Designations and Analytical Parameters Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 2 of 2)

			QA/Q	C Samples	
Sample Location	Sample Designation	Sample Depth (ft)	Field Duplicates	MS/MSD	Analytical Parameters
Location			Dupnoaces	MO/MOD	Analytical Latameters
HR-104Q-GP15	HR-104Q-GP15-SS-QK0031-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
111010010010	HR-104Q-GP15-DS-QK0032-REG	3-4			
HR-104Q-GP16	HR-104Q-GP16-SS-QK0033-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
1110 10402 01 10	HR-104Q-GP16-DS-QK0034-REG	3-4			motale and Expression
HR-104Q-GP17	HR-104Q-GP17-SS-QK0035-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
111(-104Q-G1 17	HR-104Q-GP17-DS-QK0036-REG	3-4			Wictaro and Expressives
HR-104Q-GP18	HR-104Q-GP18-SS-QK0037-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
11111-1040-01-10	HR-104Q-GP18-DS-QK0038-REG	1-2	HR-104Q-GP18-DS-QK0039-FD		Motalo dila Explosivos
HR-104Q-GP19	HR-104Q-GP19-SS-QK0040-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
1110101010	HR-104Q-GP19-DS-QK0041-REG	1-2			
HR-104Q-GP20	HR-104Q-GP20-SS-QK0042-REG	0-1			Metals and Explosives
111(-104Q-01 20	HR-104Q-GP20-DS-QK0043-REG	3-4			
HR-104Q-MW01	HR-104Q-MW01-SS-QK0044-REG	0-1	HR-104Q-MW01-SS-QK0045-FD		Metals and Explosives
1111-10-1Q-1VIVVO1	HR-104Q-MW01-DS-QK0046-REG	3-4			motale and Explosited
HR-104Q-MW02	HR-104Q-MW02-SS-QK0047-REG	0-1		<del></del>	Metals and Explosives
1111-10-10-1010 002	HR-104Q-MW02-DS-QK0048-REG	3-4			motale and Explosited

FD - Field duplicate.

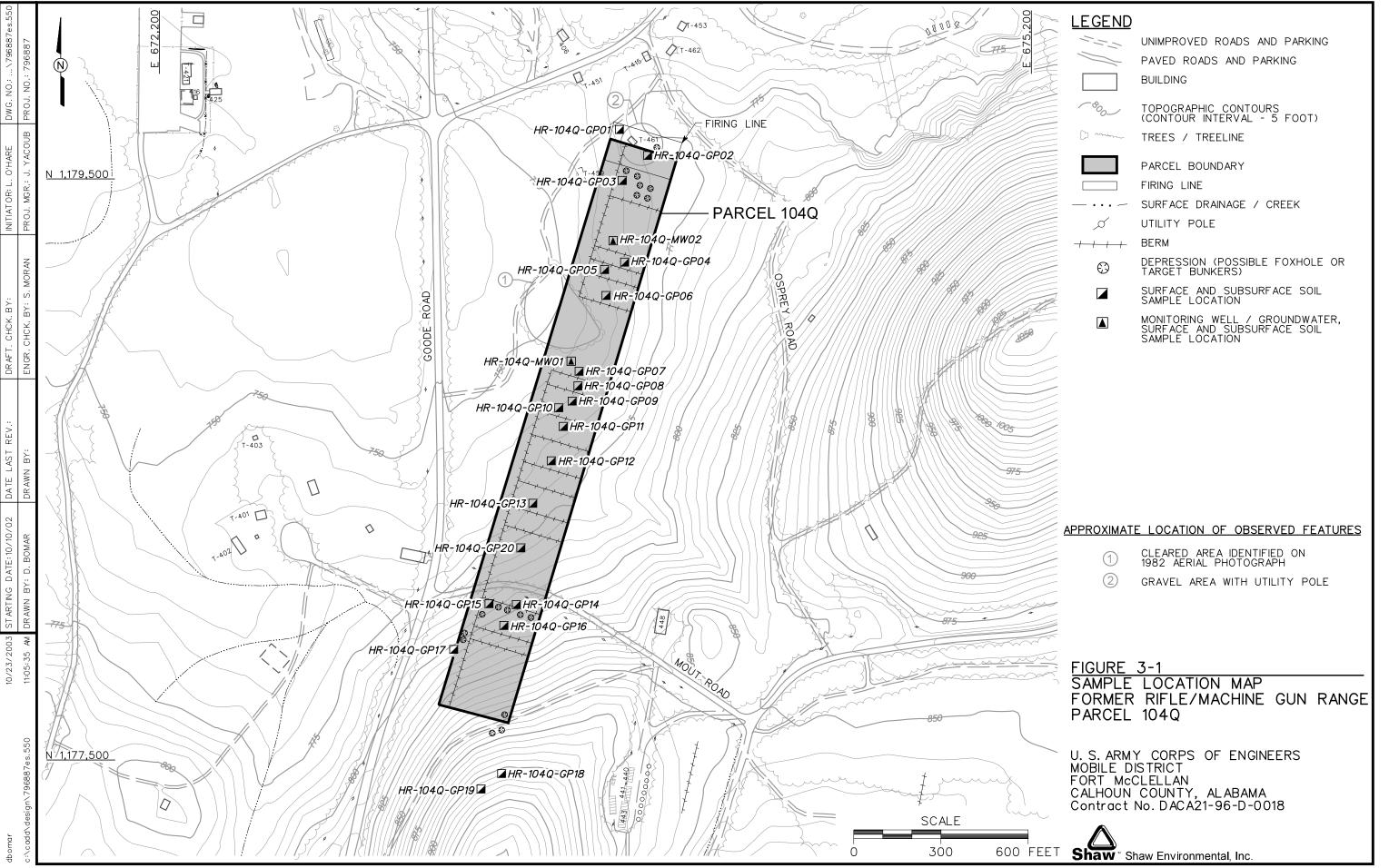
MS/MSD - Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate.

QA/QC - Quality assurance/quality control.

REG - Field sample.

SVOC - Semivolatile organic compound.

VOC - Volatile organic compound.



- and placed in the appropriate sample containers. Sample collection logs are included in
- 2 Appendix A. The samples were analyzed for the parameters listed in Table 3-2 using methods
- 3 outlined in Section 3.4.

#### 3.2.2 Subsurface Soil Sampling

- 6 Subsurface soil samples were collected from 22 soil borings at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun
- Range, Parcel 104Q, as shown on Figure 3-1. Subsurface soil sampling locations and rationale
- 8 are presented in Table 3-1. Sample designations, depths, and analytical parameters are listed in
- 9 Table 3-2. Soil boring locations were determined in the field by the on-site geologist based on
- 10 UXO avoidance activities, sampling rationale, presence of surface structures, and site
- 11 topography.

12

- 13 **Sample Collection.** Subsurface soil samples were collected from soil borings at depths
- greater than one foot below ground surface (bgs) in the unsaturated zone. The soil borings were
- advanced and soil samples collected using either a DPT sampling system or a stainless-steel hand
- auger following procedures specified in the SAP. Sample collection logs are included in
- 17 Appendix A. The samples were analyzed for the parameters listed in Table 3-2 using methods
- outlined in Section 3.4.

19

- 20 Subsurface soil samples were collected continuously to 4 feet bgs or until sampler refusal was
- 21 encountered. Samples were field screened using a PID to measure volatile organic vapors. The
- 22 sample displaying the highest reading was selected and sent to the laboratory for analysis;
- 23 however, at those locations where PID readings were below background, the deepest sample
- interval above the saturated zone was submitted for analysis. As necessary, the soil fraction for
- 25 VOC analysis was collected directly from the sampler using three EnCore samplers. The
- remaining soil was then transferred to a clean stainless-steel bowl, homogenized, and placed in
- 27 the appropriate sample containers. The on-site geologist constructed a detailed boring log for
- each soil boring. The boring logs are included in Appendix B. At the completion of soil
- sampling, boreholes were abandoned with bentonite pellets and hydrated with potable water,
- following borehole abandonment procedures summarized in the SAP.

3132

#### 3.2.3 Monitoring Well Installation

- 33 Two permanent monitoring wells were installed in the saturated zone at the Former
- Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, to collect groundwater samples for laboratory analysis.
- 35 The well locations are shown on Figure 3-1. Table 3-3 summarizes construction details of the
- monitoring wells installed at the site. The well construction logs are included in Appendix B.

Table 3-3

## Monitoring Well Construction Summary Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

Well Location	Northing	Easting	Ground Elevation (ft amsl)	TOC Elevation (ft amsl)	Well Depth (ft bgs)	Screen Length (ft)	Screen Interval (ft bgs)	Well Material
HR-104Q-MW01	1178867.79	673621.32	762.04	764.22	30	15	15 - 30	2" ID Sch. 40 PVC
HR-104Q-MW02	1179282.59	673765.62	774.07	776.20	72.5	20	52.5 - 72.5	2" ID Sch. 40 PVC

Permanent wells installed using hollow-stem auger.

Horizontal coordinates referenced to the U.S. State Plane Coordinate System, Alabama East Zone, North American Datum of 1983.

Elevations referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988.

2" ID Sch. 40 PVC - 2-inch inside diameter Schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride.

bgs - Below ground surface.

ft - Feet

amsi - Above mean sea level.

1 2 Shaw contracted Miller Drilling Company to install the permanent wells using a hollow-stem auger drill rig at two of the DPT soil boring locations (HR-104Q-MW01 and HR-104Q-MW02). 3 The wells were installed following procedures outlined in the SAP. The borehole at each well 4 location was advanced with a 4.25-inch inside diameter (ID) hollow-stem auger from ground 5 surface to the saturated zone. The borehole was augered to the completion depth of the DPT 6 boring, and soil samples were collected at that depth to the bottom of the borehole. A 2-foot-7 long, 2-inch ID carbon steel split-spoon sampler was driven at 5-foot intervals to collect 8 9 residuum for observing and describing lithology. The samples were logged to determine lithologic changes and the approximate depth of groundwater encountered during drilling. This 10 information was used to determine the optimal placement of the monitoring well screen interval 11 and to provide site-specific geological and hydrogeological information. Soil characteristics 12 were described using the "Burmeister Identification System" described in Hunt (1986) and the 13 Unified Soil Classification System as outlined in American Society for Testing and Materials 14 (ASTM) Method D 2488 (ASTM, 2000). The boring logs are included in Appendix B. 15 16 Upon reaching the target depth in each borehole, a 15- or 20-foot length of 2-inch ID, 0.010-inch 17 continuous slot, Schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) screen with a PVC end cap was placed 18 through the auger to the bottom of the borehole. The screen and end cap were attached to 2-inch 19 ID, flush-threaded Schedule 40 PVC riser. A filter pack consisting of Number 1 filter sand 20 21 (environmentally safe, clean fine sand, sieve size 20 to 40) was tremied around the well screen to approximately 5 feet above the top of the well screen as the augers were removed. The filter 22 pack at monitoring well HR-104Q-MW02 also included an approximately 5-foot layer of extra-23 fine filter sand (sieve size 30 to 70). The well was surged using a solid PVC surge block for 24 approximately 10 minutes or until no more settling of the filter sand occurred. A bentonite seal, 25 consisting of approximately 3 feet of bentonite pellets, was placed immediately on top of the 26 filter pack and hydrated with potable water. The bentonite seal placement and hydration 27 followed procedures in the SAP. Bentonite-cement grout was tremied into the remaining annular 28 space of the well from the top of the bentonite seal to the ground surface. A locking well cap 29 was placed on the PVC well riser. A protective steel casing was placed over the PVC well riser 30 and a concrete pad was constructed around the wellhead. Four protective steel posts were 31 installed around the well pad. 32 33 34 The monitoring wells were developed by surging and pumping with a submersible pump in

3-3

accordance with methodology outlined in the SAP. The submersible pump used for well

development was moved in an up-and-down fashion to encourage any residual well installation

35

- materials to enter the well. These materials were then pumped out of the well to re-establish the
- 2 natural hydraulic flow conditions. Development continued until the water turbidity was less than
- 3 20 nephelometric turbidity units or for a maximum of 8 hours. The well development logs are
- 4 included in Appendix C.

#### 3.2.4 Water Level Measurements

- 7 The depth to groundwater was measured in the permanent wells at the site on July 26, 2002,
- 8 following procedures outlined in the SAP. Depth to groundwater was measured with an
- 9 electronic water-level meter. The meter probe and cable were cleaned before use at each well
- following decontamination methodology presented in the SAP. Measurements were referenced
- to the top of the PVC well casing, as summarized in Table 3-4.

12 13

#### 3.2.5 Groundwater Sampling

- Groundwater samples were collected from both of the monitoring wells installed at the Former
- Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q. The well/groundwater sample locations are shown on
- Figure 3-1. The groundwater sampling locations and rationale are listed in Table 3-1. The
- 17 groundwater sample designations and analytical parameters are listed in Table 3-5.

18

- 19 **Sample Collection.** The groundwater samples were collected using a bladder pump equipped
- 20 with Teflon<sup>™</sup> tubing, following the procedures outlined in the SAP. Groundwater samples were
- collected after purging a minimum of three well volumes and after field parameters (temperature,
- 22 pH, dissolved oxygen, specific conductivity, oxidation-reduction potential, and turbidity)
- stabilized. At monitoring well HR-104Q-MW02, the turbidity remained moderately elevated
- 24 (125 nephelometric turbidity units) despite the implementation of low-flow purging. Therefore,
- 25 the sample fraction for metals analysis collected from this well was decanted following
- 26 procedures in the the SAP. Field parameters were measured using a calibrated water-quality
- 27 meter, as summarized in Table 3-6. Sample collection logs are included in Appendix A. The
- samples were analyzed for the parameters listed in Table 3-5 using methods outlined in Section
- 29 3.4.

30 31

#### 3.3 Surveying of Sample Locations

- 32 Sample locations were surveyed using global positioning system and conventional civil survey
- techniques described in the SAP. Horizontal coordinates were referenced to the U.S. State Plane
- 34 Coordinate System, Alabama East Zone, North American Datum of 1983. Elevations were
- 35 referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. Horizontal coordinates and
- elevations are included in Appendix D.

Table 3-4

# Groundwater Elevations Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

Well Location	Date	Depth to Water (ft BTOC)	Top of Casing Elevation (ft amsl)	Ground Elevation (ft amsl)	Groundwater Elevation (ft amsl)
HR-104Q-MW01	26-Jul-02	NA NA	764.22	762.04	NA
HR-104Q-MW02	26-Jul-02	47.33	776.20	774.07	728.87

Elevations referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88).

amsl - Above mean sea level.

BTOC - Below top of casing.

ft - Feet.

NA - Not available, well was dry.

#### Table 3-5

#### Groundwater Sample Designations and Analytical Parameters Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

		QA/Q		
Sample Location	Sample Designation	Field Duplicates	MS/MSD	Analytical Parameters
HR-104Q-MW01	HR-104Q-MW01-GW-QK3001-REG	HR-104Q-MW01-GW-QK3002-FD		Metals, VOCs, SVOCs, Explosives, Pesticides, and Herbicides
HR-104Q-MW02	HR-104Q-MW02-GW-QK3003-REG		HR-104Q-MW02-GW-QK3003-MS/MSD	Metals and Explosives

FD - Field duplicate.

MS/MSD - Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate.

QA/QC - Quality assurance/quality control.

REG - Field sample.

SVOC - Semivolatile organic compound.

VOC - Volatile organic compound.

Table 3-6

# Groundwater Field Parameters Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

Sample Location	Sample Date	Specific Conductivity (mS/cm)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	ORP (mV)	Temperature (°C)	Turbidity (NTU)	pH (SU)
HR-104Q-MW01	20-Jun-02	0.030	6.38	238	17.2	5.7	5.11
HR-104Q-MW02	21-Jun-02	0.203	7.35	256	21.2	125	7.35

°C - Degrees Celsius.

mg/L - Milligrams per liter.

mS/cm - Millisiemens per centimeter.

mV - Millivolts.

NTU - Nephelometric turbidity units.

ORP - Oxidation-reduction potential.

SU - Standard units.

1	
2	3.4 Analytical Program
3	Samples collected during the SI were analyzed for various chemical parameters based on
4	potential site-specific chemicals and on EPA, ADEM, FTMC, and USACE requirements.
5	Samples collected at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, were analyzed for the
6	following parameters using EPA SW-846 methods, including Update III methods where
7	applicable:
8	
9	<ul> <li>Target analyte list metals – EPA Method 6010B/7000</li> </ul>
10	<ul> <li>Nitroaromatic/nitramine explosives – EPA Method 8330.</li> </ul>
11	A
12	Approximately ten percent of the samples were analyzed for the following additional parameters:
13	MOC EDANG 1 100COD
14	VOCs – EPA Method 8260B     Seminalatila approvia accumantal (SVOC) – EPA Method 8270C
15	<ul> <li>Semivolatile organic compounds (SVOC) – EPA Method 8270C</li> <li>Chlorinated herbicides – EPA Method 8151A</li> </ul>
16 17	<ul> <li>Chlorinated herbicides – Er A Method 8737A</li> <li>Chlorinated pesticides – EPA Method 8081A</li> </ul>
18	Organophosphorous pesticides – EPA Method 8141A.
19	organophosphorous pesticides Diffinement of this.
20	3.5 Sample Preservation, Packaging, and Shipping
21	Sample preservation, packaging, and shipping followed requirements specified in the SAP.
22	Sample containers, sample volumes, preservatives, and holding times for the analyses required in
23	this SI are listed in the SAP. Sample documentation and chain-of-custody records were
24	completed as specified in the SAP.
25	
26	Completed analysis request and chain-of-custody records (Appendix A) were secured and
27	included with each shipment of sample coolers to EMAX Laboratories, Inc. in Torrance,
28	California.
29	
30	3.6 Investigation-Derived Waste Management and Disposal
31	Investigation-derived waste (IDW) was managed and disposed as outlined in the SAP. The IDW
32	generated during the SI at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, was segregated as
33	follows:

1	• Drill cuttings
2	Purge water from well development, sampling activities, and decontamination
<i>3</i>	fluids
5	
6	<ul> <li>Spent well materials and personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
7	Galia IDW and at a discillate formal and annual in a Duilding 225 and 226 in lined will off
8	Solid IDW was stored inside the fenced area surrounding Buildings 335 and 336 in lined roll-off
9	bins prior to characterization and final disposal. Solid IDW was characterized using toxicity
10	characteristic leaching procedure analysis. Based on the results, drill cuttings, spent well
11	materials, and personal protective equipment generated during the SI were disposed as
12	nonhazardous waste at the Three Corners Landfill in Piedmont, Alabama.
13	Liquid IDW was contained in the 20,000-gallon sump associated with the Building T-338 vehicle
14 15	washrack. Liquid IDW was characterized by VOC, SVOC, and metals analyses. Based on the
	analyses, liquid IDW was discharged as nonhazardous waste to the FTMC wastewater treatment
16 17	plant on the Main Post.
18	plant on the Wan I ost.
19	3.7 Variances/Nonconformances
20	No variances or nonconformances to the SFSP were recorded during completion of the SI at the
21	Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q.
22	Tomer rand, madmine Guir range, randor 10 1 Q.
23	3.8 Data Quality
24	The field sample analytical data are presented in tabular form in Appendix E. The field samples
25	were collected, documented, handled, analyzed, and reported in a manner consistent with the SI
26	work plan, the FTMC SAP and quality assurance plan, and standard, accepted methods and
27	procedures. Data were reported and evaluated in accordance with Corps of Engineers South
28	Atlantic Savannah Level B criteria (USACE, 2001b) and the stipulated requirements for the
29	generation of definitive data presented in the SAP. Chemical data were reported by the
30	laboratory via hard-copy data packages using Contract Laboratory Program-like forms.
31	
32	Data Validation. The reported analytical data were validated in accordance with EPA National
33	Functional Guidelines by Level III criteria. The data validation results are summarized in a
34	quality assurance report, which includes the data validation summary report (Appendix F).
35	Selected results were qualified based on the implementation of accepted data validation
36	procedures and practices. These qualified parameters are highlighted in the report. The
37	validation-assigned qualifiers were added to the FTMC Shaw Environmental Management

- 1 System<sup>TM</sup> database for tracking and reporting. The qualified data were used in comparisons to
- the SSSLs and ESVs. Rejected data (assigned an "R" qualifier) were not used in the comparisons
- 3 to the SSSLs and ESVs. The data presented in this report, except where qualified, meet the
- 4 principal data quality objective for this SI.

3-7

#### 4.0 Site Characterization

1	
2	
3	Subsurface investigations performed at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q,
4	provided soil, geologic, and groundwater data used to characterize the geology and hydrogeology
5	of the site.
6	
7	4.1 Regional and Site Geology
8	
9	4.1.1 Regional Geology
10	Calhoun County includes parts of two physiographic provinces: the Piedmont Upland Province
11	and the Valley and Ridge Province. The Piedmont Upland Province occupies the extreme
12	eastern and southeastern portions of the county and is characterized by metamorphosed
13	sedimentary rocks. The generally accepted range in age of these metamorphics is Cambrian to
14	Devonian.
15	
16	The majority of Calhoun County, including the Main Post of FTMC, lies within the Appalachian
17	fold-and-thrust structural belt (Valley and Ridge Province) where southeastward-dipping thrust
18	faults with associated minor folding are the predominant structural features. The fold-and-thrust
19	belt consists of Paleozoic sedimentary rocks that have been asymmetrically folded and thrust-
20	faulted, with major structures and faults striking in a northeast-southwest direction.
21	
22	Northwestward transport of the Paleozoic rock sequence along the thrust faults has resulted in the
23	imbricate stacking of large slabs of rock referred to as thrust sheets. Within an individual thrust
24	sheet, smaller faults may splay off the larger thrust fault, resulting in imbricate stacking of rock
25	units within an individual thrust sheet (Osborne and Szabo, 1984). Geologic contacts in this
26	region generally strike parallel to the faults, and repetition of lithologic units is common in
27	vertical sequences. Geologic formations within the Valley and Ridge Province portion of
28	Calhoun County have been mapped by Warman and Causey (1962), Osborne and Szabo (1984),
29	and Moser and DeJarnette (1992) and vary in age from Lower Cambrian to Pennsylvanian.
30	
31	The basal unit of the sedimentary sequence in Calhoun County is the Cambrian Chilhowee
32	Group. The Chilhowee Group consists of the Cochran, Nichols, Wilson Ridge, and Weisner
33	Formations (Osborne and Szabo, 1984), but in Calhoun County it is either undifferentiated or
34	divided into the Cochran and Nichols Formations and an upper, undifferentiated Wilson Ridge

and Weisner Formation. The Cochran is composed of poorly sorted arkosic sandstone and

conglomerate with interbeds of greenish gray siltstone and mudstone. Massive to laminated greenish gray and black mudstone makes up the Nichols Formation, with thin interbeds of

siltstone and very fine-grained sandstone (Osborne et al., 1988). These two formations are

mapped only in the eastern part of the county.

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6 The Wilson Ridge and Weisner Formations are undifferentiated in Calhoun County and consist

of both coarse-grained and fine-grained clastics. The coarse-grained facies appears to dominate

the unit and consists primarily of coarse-grained, vitreous quartzite and friable, fine- to coarse-

9 grained, orthoguartzitic sandstone, both of which locally contain conglomerate. The fine-grained

facies consists of sandy and micaceous shale and silty, micaceous mudstone, which are locally

interbedded with the coarse clastic rocks. The abundance of orthoguartzitic sandstone and

quartzite suggests that most of the Chilhowee Group bedrock in the vicinity of FTMC belongs to

the Weisner Formation (Osborne and Szabo, 1984).

14 15

18

13

The Cambrian Shady Dolomite overlies the Weisner Formation northeast, east, and southwest of

the Main Post and consists of interlayered bluish gray or pale yellowish gray sandy dolomitic

limestone and siliceous dolomite with coarsely crystalline, porous chert (Osborne et al., 1989). A

variegated shale and clayey silt have been included within the lower part of the Shady Dolomite

19 (Cloud, 1966). Material similar to this lower shale unit was noted in core holes drilled by the

20 Alabama Geologic Survey on FTMC (Osborne and Szabo, 1984). The character of the Shady

21 Dolomite in the FTMC vicinity and the true assignment of the shale at this stratigraphic interval

are still uncertain (Osborne, 1999).

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26

The Rome Formation overlies the Shady Dolomite and locally occurs to the northwest and

southeast of the Main Post, as mapped by Warman and Causey (1962) and Osborne and Szabo

(1984), and immediately to the west of Reilly Airfield (Osborne and Szabo, 1984). The Rome

27 Formation consists of variegated, thinly interbedded grayish red-purple mudstone, shale,

siltstone, and greenish red and light gray sandstone, with locally occurring limestone and

dolomite. Weaver Cave, located approximately one mile west of the northwest boundary of the

30 Main Post, is situated in gray dolomite and limestone mapped as the Rome Formation (Osborne

et al., 1997). The Conasauga Formation overlies the Rome Formation and occurs along anticlinal

axes in the northeastern portion of Pelham Range (Warman and Causey, 1962; Osborne and

Szabo, 1984) and the northern portion of the Main Post (Osborne et al., 1997). The Conasauga

Formation is composed of dark gray, finely to coarsely crystalline, medium- to thick-bedded

dolomite with minor shale and chert (Osborne et al., 1989).

- Overlying the Conasauga Formation is the Knox Group, which is composed of the Copper Ridge
- and Chepultepec dolomites of Cambro-Ordovician age. The Knox Group is undifferentiated in
- 3 Calhoun County and consists of light medium gray, fine to medium crystalline, variably bedded
- 4 to laminated, siliceous dolomite and dolomitic limestone that weather to a chert residuum
- 5 (Osborne and Szabo, 1984). The Knox Group underlies a large portion of the Pelham Range
- 6 area.

7

- 8 The Ordovician Newala and Little Oak Limestones overlie the Knox Group. The Newala
- 9 Limestone consists of light to dark gray, micritic, thick-bedded limestone with minor dolomite.
- 10 The Little Oak Limestone is comprised of dark gray, medium- to thick-bedded, fossiliferous,
- argillaceous to silty limestone with chert nodules. These limestone units are mapped as
- undifferentiated at FTMC and in other parts of Calhoun County. The Athens Shale overlies the
- Ordovician limestone units. The Athens Shale consists of dark gray to black shale and graptolitic
- shale with localized interbedded dark gray limestone (Osborne et al., 1989). These units occur
- within an eroded "window" in the uppermost structural thrust sheet at FTMC and underlie much
- of the developed area of the Main Post.

17

- Other Ordovician-aged bedrock units mapped in Calhoun County include the Greensport
- 19 Formation, Colvin Mountain Sandstone, and Sequatchie Formation. These units consist of
- various siltstones, sandstones, shales, dolomites, and limestones and are mapped as one,
- 21 undifferentiated unit in some areas of Calhoun County. The only Silurian-age sedimentary
- formation mapped in Calhoun County is the Red Mountain Formation. This unit consists of
- 23 interbedded red sandstone, siltstone, and shale with greenish gray to red silty and sandy
- 24 limestone.

25

- 26 The Devonian Frog Mountain Sandstone consists of sandstone and quartzitic sandstone with
- shale interbeds, dolomudstone, and glauconitic limestone (Osborne et al., 1988). This unit
- 28 locally occurs in the western portion of Pelham Range.

- 30 The Mississippian Fort Payne Chert and the Maury Formation overlie the Frog Mountain
- Sandstone and are composed of dark to light gray limestone with abundant chert nodules and
- 32 greenish gray to grayish red phosphatic shale, with increasing amounts of calcareous chert
- towards the upper portion of the formation (Osborne and Szabo, 1984). These units occur in the
- northwestern portion of Pelham Range. Overlying the Fort Payne Chert is the Floyd Shale, also
- of Mississippian age, which consists of thin-bedded, fissile brown to black shale with thin
- intercalated limestone layers and interbedded sandstone. Osborne and Szabo (1984) reassigned

the Floyd Shale, which was mapped by Warman and Causey (1962) on the Main Post of FTMC,

to the Ordovician Athens Shale based on fossil data.

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4 The Pennsylvanian Parkwood Formation overlies the Floyd Shale and consists of a medium to

dark gray, silty clay, shale, and mudstone with interbedded light to medium gray, very fine to fine

6 grained, argillaceous, micaceous sandstone. Locally the Parkwood Formation also contains beds

of medium to dark gray, argillaceous, bioclastic to cherty limestone and beds of clayey coal up to

a few inches thick (Raymond et al., 1988). The Parkwood Formation in Calhoun County is

9 generally found within a structurally complex area known as the Coosa deformed belt. In the

deformed belt, the Parkwood Formation and Floyd Shale are mapped as undifferentiated because

their lithologic similarity and significant deformation make it impractical to map the contact

(Thomas and Drahovzal, 1974; Osborne et al., 1988). The undifferentiated Parkwood Formation

and Floyd Shale are found throughout the western quarter of Pelham Range.

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The Jacksonville thrust fault is the most significant structural geological feature in the vicinity of

the Main Post of FTMC, both for its role in determining the stratigraphic relationships in the area

and for its contribution to regional water supplies. The trace of the fault extends northeastward

for approximately 39 miles between Bynum, Alabama, and Piedmont, Alabama. The fault is

interpreted as a major splay of the Pell City fault (Osborne and Szabo, 1984). The Ordovician

sequence that makes up the Eden thrust sheet is exposed at FTMC through an eroded window, or

fenster, in the overlying thrust sheet. Rocks within the window display complex folding, with

22 the folds being overturned and tight to isoclinal. The carbonates and shales locally exhibit well-

developed cleavage (Osborne and Szabo, 1984). The FTMC window is framed on the northwest

24 by the Rome Formation; north by the Conasauga Formation; northeast, east, and southwest by the

25 Shady Dolomite; and southeast and southwest by the Chilhowee Group (Osborne et al., 1997).

26 Two small klippen of the Shady Dolomite, bounded by the Jacksonville fault, have been

recognized adjacent to the Pell City fault at the FTMC window (Osborne et al., 1997).

28

27

29 The Pell City fault serves as a fault contact between the bedrock within the FTMC window and

the Rome and Conasauga Formations. The trace of the Pell City fault is also exposed

31 approximately nine miles west of the FTMC window on Pelham Range, where it traverses

northeast to southwest across the western quarter of Pelham Range. Here, the trace of the Pell

City fault marks the boundary between the Pell City thrust sheet and the Coosa deformed belt.

- 1 The eastern three-quarters of Pelham Range is located within the Pell City thrust sheet, while the
- 2 remaining western quarter of Pelham Range is located within the Coosa deformed belt. The Pell
- 3 City thrust sheet is a large-scale thrust sheet containing Cambrian and Ordovician rocks and is
- 4 relatively less structurally complex than the Coosa deformed belt (Thomas and Neathery, 1982).
- 5 The Pell City thrust sheet is exposed between the traces of the Jacksonville and Pell City faults
- along the western boundary of the FTMC window and along the trace of the Pell City fault on
- 7 Pelham Range (Thomas and Neathery, 1982; Osborne et al., 1988). The Coosa deformed belt is
- 8 a narrow northeast-to-southwest-trending linear zone of complex structure (approximately 5 to
- 9 20 miles wide and approximately 90 miles in length) consisting mainly of thin imbricate thrust
- slices. The structure within these imbricate thrust slices is often internally complicated by small-
- scale folding and additional thrust faults (Thomas and Drahovzal, 1974).

### 1213 **4.1.2 Site Geology**

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- Soils at Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q fall into three mapping units: Stony
- rough land, sandstone (Ss) in the southern portion of the range; Anniston gravelly clay loam, 10
- to 15 percent slopes, severely eroded (AbD3) in the central portion of the range, and Anniston
- gravelly clay loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes, severely eroded (AbC3) in the northern portion of the
- range (U.S. Department of Agriculture [USDA], 1961).
- 20 The Stony rough land, sandstone consists of medium to strongly acidic, shallow or stony, well-
- drained, friable soils with many outcrops of sandstone and quartzite bedrock, loose rock fragments,
- 22 and scattered patches of sandy soil material. It is found in rough mountainous areas with slopes
- 23 generally greater than 25 percent (USDA, 1961).
- 25 The Anniston Series soils consist of medium to strongly acidic, deep, well-drained, friable soils
- that have developed in old local alluvium from weathered sandstone, shale, and quartzite.
- 27 Sandstone and quartzite gravel and cobbles are common throughout the soil. The typical soil
- description is dark brown to red or dark reddish-brown gravelly clay loam from which most of
- 29 the original surface soil has been lost to erosion. The subsoil is described as a clay loam or silty
- 30 clay loam (USDA, 1961).
- 32 Bedrock at Parcel 104Q is mapped as Cambrian Shady Dolomite, which consists of interlayered
- bluish gray or pale yellowish gray sandy dolomitic limestone and siliceous dolomite with
- coarsely crystalline, porous chert (Osborne et al., 1989).
- The residuum encountered during drilling activities at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range,

- 1 Parcel 104O, consisted of medium brown to dark reddish-brown clay or clay and silt mixture
- 2 with varying amounts of sand and sandstone gravel in shallow borings in the northern and central
- 3 portions of the parcel. This description is consistent with the Anniston Series soils. The
- 4 residuum in the deeper borings consisted of reddish-brown to yellowish orange to light gray clay
- or reddish-brown to vellowish orange sand and clay. The residuum encountered in the shallow
- 6 borings in the southern portion of the parcel consisted predominately of reddish-brown sand and
- 7 clay mixtures. Bedrock was not encountered during drilling activities at Parcel 104Q.

8 9

#### 4.2 Site Hydrology

10 11

#### 4.2.1 Surface Hydrology

- 12 Precipitation in the form of rainfall averages about 53 inches annually in Anniston, Alabama,
- with infiltration rates annually exceeding evapotranspiration rates (U.S. Department of
- 14 Commerce, 1998). The major surface water features at the Main Post of FTMC include
- 15 Remount Creek, Cane Creek, and Cave Creek. These waterways flow in a general northwest to
- westerly direction towards the Coosa River on the western boundary of Calhoun County.

17

- 18 Elevation of the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, ranges from approximately 750
- to 875 feet above mean sea level. Surface water runoff in the vicinity of Parcel 104Q appears to
- 20 flow from the southeast to the northwest from the range.

21

22

#### 4.2.2 Hydrogeology

- Groundwater was encountered during drilling activities at 20 feet bgs in HR-104Q-MW01 and at
- 60 feet bgs in HR-104Q-MW02. Static groundwater levels were measured in monitoring wells at
- 25 Parcel 104Q on July 26, 2002, as summarized in Table 3-4. Groundwater elevations were
- calculated by measuring the depth to groundwater relative to the surveyed top-of-casing
- elevations. As shown in Table 3-4, groundwater was not present at HR-104Q-MW01 when static
- groundwater levels were measured. At HR-104Q-MW02, the static groundwater level was 47.3
- 29 feet below top of casing. Based on the comparison of static groundwater levels to groundwater
- 30 levels observed during drilling activities, groundwater appears to be under confined or semi-
- 31 confined conditions in the residuum at HR-104Q-MW02.

- Based on water level data from monitoring wells in the vicinity of Parcel 104Q, the groundwater
- elevation tends to correspond with topography. The groundwater flow direction appears to be to
- 35 the northwest.

### 5.0 Summary of Analytical Results

2	
3	The results of the chemical analysis of samples collected at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun
4	Range, Parcel 104Q, indicate that metals, VOCs, pesticides, and one herbicide were detected in
5	site media. SVOCs and explosive compounds were not detected in any of the samples collected
6	at the site. To evaluate whether the detected constituents present an unacceptable risk to human
7	health and the environment, the analytical results were compared to the human health SSSLs and
8	ESVs for FTMC. The SSSLs and ESVs were developed by Shaw for human health and
9	ecological risk evaluations as part of the ongoing SIs being performed under the BRAC
10	Environmental Restoration Program at FTMC. A preliminary human health risk assessment
11	(PRA) and a preliminary ecological risk assessment (PERA) were also performed to further
12	characterize the potential threat to human health and ecological receptors, respectively.
13	
14	Metals concentrations exceeding the SSSLs and ESVs were subsequently compared to metals
15	background screening values to determine if the metals concentrations are within natural
16	background concentrations (SAIC, 1998). Site metals data were further evaluated using
17	statistical and geochemical methods to select site-related metals (Appendix G).
18	
19	The following sections and Tables 5-1 through 5-3 summarize the results of the comparison of
20	detected constituents to the SSSLs, ESVs, and background screening values. Complete
21	analytical results are presented in Appendix E.
22	
23	5.1 Surface Soil Analytical Results
24	Twenty-two surface soil samples were collected for chemical analysis at the Former
25	Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q. Surface soil samples were collected from the
26	uppermost foot of soil at the locations shown on Figure 3-1. Analytical results were compared to
27	residential human health SSSLs, ESVs, and metals background screening values, as presented in
28	Table 5-1.
29	
30	<b>Metals.</b> A total of 18 metals were detected in the surface soil samples collected at the site. The
31	concentrations of five metals (aluminum, arsenic, chromium, iron, and manganese) exceeded
32	their respective SSSLs. Of these, concentrations of aluminum, chromium, and manganese also
33	exceeded their respective background concentrations in one or more samples:

Table 5-1

(Page 1 of 9)

	Sample Lo						104Q-GF QK0001	201				104Q-GF QK0004	202		·		04Q-GF	03	
	Sample						3-Jun-02	2				3-Jun-02	2				-Jun-02		
s	ample Dep						0- 1					0- 1					0- 1		1
Parameter	Units	BKG	SSSL <sup>b</sup>	ESV <sup>b</sup>	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV
METALS																			
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.63E+04	7.80E+03	5.00E+01	9.55E+03			YES	YES	1.32E+04			YES	YES	1.21E+04			YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.37E+01	4.26E-01	1.00E+01	2.69E+00			YES		3.83E+00			YES		3.94E+00			YES	
Barium	mg/kg	1.24E+02	5.47E+02	1.65E+02	3.92E+01					9.91E+01					1.01E+02				
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.00E-01	9.60E+00	1.10E+00	ND					5.90E-01	J				5.37E-01	J			
Calcium	mg/kg	1.72E+03	NA	NA	1.45E+03	J				3.18E+02					3.41E+02				
Chromium	mg/kg	3.70E+01	2.32E+01	4.00E-01	8.20E+00				YES	8.51E+00				YES	7.43E+01		YES	YES	YES
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.52E+01	4.68E+02	2.00E+01	1.84E+00	J				4.44E+00					4.31E+00				
Copper	mg/kg	1.27E+01	3.13E+02	4.00E+01	4.51E+00					6.06E+00					4.24E+00				
Iron	mg/kg	3.42E+04	2.34E+03	2.00E+02	6.89E+03			YES	YES	7.56E+03			YES	YES	1.24E+04			YES	YES
Lead	mg/kg	4.01E+01	4.00E+02	5.00E+01	1.57E+01					2.23E+01					2.23E+01				
Magnesium	mg/kg	1.03E+03	NA	4.40E+05	7.09E+02			i i		4.07E+02					3.09E+02				
Manganese	mg/kg	1.58E+03	3.63E+02	1.00E+02	1.70E+02	J			YES	1.07E+03			YES	YES	9.32E+02			YES	YES
Mercury	mg/kg	8.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.00E-01	4.70E-02	J				4.68E-02	J				4.62E-02	J			
Nickel	mg/kg	1.03E+01	1.54E+02	3.00E+01	4.09E+00					5.49E+00					5.27E+00				
Potassium	mg/kg	8.00E+02	NA	NA	3.07E+02	J				3.82E+02	J				2.81E+02	J			
Sodium	mg/kg	6.34E+02	NA	NA	5.80E+01	J				6.33E+01	J				6.96E+01	J			
Vanadium	mg/kg	5.88E+01	5.31E+01	2.00E+00	1.32E+01				YES	1.54E+01				YES	2.13E+01			,	YES
Zinc	mg/kg	4.06E+01	2.34E+03	5.00E+01	1.95E+01					1.73E+01					1.67E+01				
VOLATILE ORGANIC CON	/IPOUNDS															_			
2-Butanone	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+03	8.96E+01	3.20E-02	j				NR					1.80E-02	J			
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	2.50E+00	7.90E-01	J				NR					2.20E-01	J			
p-Cymene	mg/kg	NA	1.55E+03	NA	1.80E-03	J				NR					ND				
PESTICIDES																			
4,4'-DDE	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	2.40E-03	J				NR					ND				
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	2.80E-03	j			YES	NR					ND				
Dieldrin	mg/kg	NA	3.88E-02	5.00E-04	3.50E-03	J			YES	NR					ND				
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+01	1.19E-01	2.40E-03	J				NR					ND				
Endrin	mg/kg	NA	2.32E+00	1.00E-03	1.90E-03	J			YES	NR					ND				
alpha-Chlordane	mg/kg	NA	1.69E+00	1.00E-01	6.80E-04					NR					ND				
delta-BHC	mg/kg	NA	2.33E+00	9.94E+00	3.40E-04	J				NR					ND				
HERBICIDES																			
MCPA	mg/kg	NA	3.88E+00	1.00E-01	9.30E-01	J			YES	NR					ND	L			

Table 5-1

(Page 2 of 9)

	Sample L Sample N						104Q-GF QK0009	P04		•		04Q-GF 0K0011	P05				104Q-G QK0013	P06	
	Sample						20009 3-Jun-02	,				-Jun-02	,				ฉกบบ เว 3-Jun-0	,	
	Sample Imple De					١,	0- 1	•			13	0- 1	•				3-3u11-0 0- 1	4	
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL <sup>b</sup>	ESV⁵	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>FSV
METALS	1011110				rtouit	<u> </u>	· Bitto	- 0002	- 201	TTCOUTE	- quui	· Ditto	- 000L		result	quu	1- 5.00	F 000L	
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.63E+04	7.80E+03	5.00E+01	1.75E+04	· ·	YES	YES	YES	1.82E+04		YES	YES	YES	7.06E+03				YES
Arsenic	mg/kg		4.26E-01	1.00E+01	4.44E+00			YEŞ		4.45E+00			YES		2.16E+00		1	YES	
Barium	mg/kg	1.24E+02	5.47E+02	1.65E+02	3.79E+01					4.59E+01					6.30E+01		1		
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.00E-01	9.60E+00	1.10E+00	ND					ND					ND		1		
Calcium	mg/kg	1.72E+03	NA	NA	3.68E+02	J	1			4.83E+02	Ĵ				5.78E+02	J			
Chromium	mg/kg	3.70E+01	2.32E+01	4.00E-01	1.67E+01				YES	1.62E+01				YES	7.14E+00				YES
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.52E+01	4.68E+02	2.00E+01	2.65E+00					1.90E+00	J				3.22E+00				
Соррег	mg/kg	1.27E+01	3.13E+02	4.00E+01	5.42E+00					5.84E+00					3.35E+00				
Iron	mg/kg	3.42E+04	2.34E+03	2.00E+02	1.70E+04			YEŞ	YES	1.66E+04			YES	YES	5.67E+03			YES	YES
Lead	mg/kg	4.01E+01	4.00E+02	5.00E+01	2.57E+01					1.94E+01					1.92E+01				
Magnesium	mg/kg	1.03E+03	NA	4.40E+05	3.60E+02					4.16E+02					2.05E+02				
Manganese	mg/kg	1.58E+03	3.63E+02	1.00E+02	2.64E+02	J			YES	1.77E+02	J			YES	7.23E+02	7		YES	YES
Mercury	mg/kg	8.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.00E-01	8.59E-02	j	YES			7.51E-02	J				3.89E-02	J			
Nickel	mg/kg	1.03E+01	1.54E+02	3.00E+01	6.70E+00					6.86E+00					3.40E+00	В			
Potassium	mg/kg	8.00E+02	NA	NA	4.24E+02	J				4.40E+02	J				2.44E+02	J			
Sodium	mg/kg	6.34E+02	NA	NA	6.20E+01	J				5.85E+01	J				ND				
Vanadium	mg/kg	5.88E+01	5.31E+01	2.00E+00	3.27E+01				YES	3.25E+01				YES	1.12E+01				YES
Zinc	mg/kg	4.06E+01	2.34E+03	5.00E+01	1.89E+01					1.70E+01					1.24E+01				
VOLATILE ORGANIC COM	POUNDS																		
2-Butanone	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+03	8.96E+01	NR					NR					NR				
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	2.50E+00	NR					NR					NR				
p-Cymene	mg/kg	NA	1.55E+03	NA	NR					NR					NR				
PESTICIDES																			
4,4'-DDE	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR		<u> </u>		
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR	<u> </u>				NR					NR				<u> </u>
Dieldrin	mg/kg	NA	3.88E-02	5.00E-04	NR					NR					NR				
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+01	1.19E-01	NR					NR					NR		<u> </u>		
Endrin	mg/kg	NA	2.32E+00	1.00E-03	NR					NR					NR		<u> </u>		
alpha-Chlordane	mg/kg	NA	1.69E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR					NR				
delta-BHC	mg/kg	NA	2.33E+00	9.94E+00	NR					NR					NR				L
HERBICIDES								<del> </del>			<b>,</b>								_
MCPA	mg/kg	NA	3.88E+00	1.00E-01	NR		<u> </u>			NR	<u> </u>				NR		<u> </u>		<u></u>

Table 5-1

(Page 3 of 9)

	ample L Sample N						104Q-GF QK0015	P07				04Q-GF 0K0017	°08				104Q-GF QK0019	°09	
1	Sample	Date				26	6-Apr-02	2			14	-Jun-02	<b>?</b>			14	1-Jun-02	<b>!</b>	
		pth (Feet)					0- 1					0- 1					0- 1		
Parameter	Units	BKG	SSSL⁵	ESV⁵	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV
METALS																			
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.63E+04	7.80E+03	5.00E+01	1.60E+04			YES	YES	1.50E+04			YES	YES	1.19E+04	<u> </u>	L	YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.37E+01	4.26E-01	1.00E+01	4.90E+00			YES	i	5.03E+00			YES		3.62E+00	l		YES	<u> </u>
Barium	mg/kg	1.24E+02	5.47E+02	1.65E+02	1.03E+02					1.54E+02		YES			8.01E+01				
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.00E-01	9.60E+00	1.10E+00	6.73E-01	J				6.97E-01	J				4.64E-01	J			
Calcium	mg/kg	1.72E+03	NΑ	NA	8.06E+02					5.54E+02					4.68E+02				
Chromium	mg/kg	3.70E+01	2.32E+01	4.00E-01	1.02E+01				YES	8.98E+00				YES	7.49E+00				YES
Cobait	mg/kg	1.52E+01	4.68E+02	2.00E+01	6.34E+00					5.55E+00					4.88E+00				
Соррег	mg/kg	1.27E+01	3.13E+02	4.00E+01	1.46E+01		YES			7.16E+00					4.95E+00				
Iron	mg/kg	3.42E+04	2.34E+03	2.00E+02	1.46E+04			YES	YES	1.13E+04			YES	YES	1.18E+04			YES	YES
Lead	mg/kg	4.01E+01	4.00E+02	5.00E+01	3.88E+01					4.29E+01		YES			2.47E+01				
Magnesium	mg/kg	1.03E+03	NA	4.40E+05	5.74E+02					4.24E+02					2.98E+02				
Manganese	mg/kg	1.58E+03	3.63E+02	1.00E+02	1.63E+03		YES	YES	YES	2.40E+03		YES	YES	YES	1.42E+03			YES	YES
Mercury	mg/kg	8.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.00E-01	9.91E-02	J	YES			7.24E-02	J				4.59E-02	J			
Nickel	mg/kg	1.03E+01	1.54E+02	3.00E+01	8.33E+00					7.03E+00					5.46E+00				
Potassium	mg/kg	8.00E+02	NA	NA	5.47E+02					4.64E+02	J				3.84E+02	В			
Sodium	mg/kg	6.34E+02	NA	NA	6.47E+01	J				6.63E+01	J				7.85E+01	J			
Vanadium	mg/kg	5.88E+01	5.31E+01	2.00E+00	2.76E+01				YES	1.93E+01				YES	1.90E+01				YES
Zinc	mg/kg	4.06E+01	2.34E+03	5.00E+01	2.20E+01					2.24E+01	j				1.62E+01	J			
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMP	OUNDS																		
2-Butanone	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+03	8.96E+01	NR					NR					NR				
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	2.50E+00	NR					NR					NR				
p-Cymene	mg/kg	NA	1.55E+03	NA	NR			·		NR					NR				i
PESTICIDES				-						•									
4,4'-DDE	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR	i			
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR				
Dieldrin	mg/kg	NA	3.88E-02	5.00E-04	NR					NR					NR				
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+01	1.19E-01	NR					NR					NR				
Endrin	mg/kg	NA	2.32E+00	1.00E-03	NR	ļ				NR					NR				
alpha-Chlordane	mg/kg	NA	1.69E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR					NR				
delta-BHC	mg/kg	NA	2.33E+00	9.94E+00	NR					NR					NR				
HERBICIDES									·						<del></del>				
MCPA	mg/kg	NA	3.88E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR					NR				

Table 5-1

(Page 4 of 9)

	Sample L Sample N						104Q-GF QK0021	P10				04Q-GF 0K0023	P11				04Q-GP K0025	12	
	Sample	Date				14	4-Jun-02	2			14	-Jun-02	2			14	-Jun-02		
		pth (Feet)					0- 1					0- 1					0- 1		
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL <sup>b</sup>	ESV <sup>b</sup>	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV
METALS																			
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.63E+04	7.80E+03	5.00E+01	1.39E+04			YES	YES	1.13E+04			YES	YES	9.07E+03			YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.37E+01	4.26E-01	1.00E+01	3.98E+00			YES		3.32E+00			YES		2.87E+00			YES	
Barium	mg/kg	1.24E+02	5.47E+02	1.65E+02	6.88E+01					7.50E+01					6.56E+01				
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.00E-01	9.60E+00	1.10E+00	ND					4.54E-01	J				ND				
Calcium	mg/kg	1.72E+03	NA	NA	6.19E+02					2.90E+02					6.42E+02				
Chromium	mg/kg	3.70E+01	2.32E+01	4.00E-01	8.50E+00				YES	6.97E+00				YES	1.23E+01				YES
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.52E+01	4.68E+02	2.00E+01	4.97E+00					4.40E+00					2.69E+00				
Copper	mg/kg	1.27E+01	3.13E+02	4.00E+01	5.37E+00					5.43E+00					5.03E+00				["]
Iron	mg/kg	3.42E+04	2.34E+03	2.00E+02	1.37E+04			YES	YES	8.76E+03			YES	YES	8.69E+03			YES	YES
Lead	mg/kg	4.01E+01	4.00E+02	5.00E+01	2.01E+01		T			2.61E+01					3.11E+01				
Magnesium	mg/kg	1.03E+03	NA	4.40E+05	4.31E+02					3.41E+02					3.35E+02				
Manganese	mg/kg	1.58E+03	3.63E+02	1.00E+02	9.29E+02			YES	YES	1.22E+03			YES	YES	7.41E+02			YES	YES
Mercury	mg/kg	8.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.00E-01	6.29E-02	J				4.72E-02	J				4.64E-02	J			
Nickel	mg/kg	1.03E+01	1.54E+02	3.00E+01	5.58E+00					5.35E+00					4.52E+00				
Potassium	mg/kg	8.00E+02	NA	NA	3.33E+02	В				2.85E+02	В				2.82E+02	В			
Sodium	mg/kg	6.34E+02	NA	NA	6.50E+01	J				5.97E+01	J				6.81E+01	J			
Vanadium	mg/kg	5.88E+01	5.31E+01	2.00E+00	2.27E+01			,	YES	1.51E+01				YES	1.48E+01				YES
Zinc	mg/kg	4.06E+01	2.34E+03	5.00E+01	1.52E+01	J				1.62E+01	J				1.77E+01	J			
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMP	POUNDS																		
2-Butanone	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+03	8.96E+01	NR					NR					NR				
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	2.50E+00	NR					NR					NR				
p-Cymene	mg/kg	NA	1.55E+03	NA	NR					NR					NR				
PESTICIDES																			
4,4'-DDE	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR				
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR				
Dieldrin	mg/kg	NA	3.88E-02	5.00E-04	NR					NR					NR				
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+01	1.19E-01	NR	1	1			NR					NR				
Endrin	mg/kg	NA	2.32E+00	1.00E-03	NR		1			NR					NR				$\Box$
alpha-Chiordane	mg/kg	NA	1.69E+00	1.00E-01	NR		1			NR					NR				
delta-BHC	mg/kg	NA	2.33E+00	9.94E+00	NR					NR					NR				
HERBICIDES				<b>-</b>					·			•							•
MCPA	mg/kg	NA	3.88E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR					NR				

Table 5-1

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u	Sample L Sample N				,,,,,		104Q-GF QK0027	P13				04Q-GI K0029	P14				104Q-GF 2K0031	P15	
1	Sample Sample						arvuz <i>i</i> 4-Jun-02		1			-Jun-02					znuus i 7-Jun-02	,	
e <sub>a</sub>		pth (Feet)				14	+-3un-02 0- 1	•			''	-5un-02 0- 1	•				0- 1	•	
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL <sup>b</sup>	ESV <sup>b</sup>	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>ESV
METALS	1 0111120				1100011		1 5.10	7 0002		rtoodit	<u> </u>		- 5552	- 201	1100011		1 5.00	- 0002	
Aluminum	ma/ka	1,63E+04	7.80E+03	5.00E+01	1.50E+04			YES	YES	1.81E+04	Г	YES	YES	YES	1.67E+04	Ī	YES	YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.37E+01	4.26E-01	1.00E+01	3.95E+00			YES		3.75E+00			YES		3.80E+00			YES	$\Box$
Barium	mg/kg	1.24E+02	5.47E+02	1.65E+02	9.48E+01					3.10E+01					8.46E+01				$\Box$
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.00E-01	9.60E+00	1.10E+00	5.28E-01	J				ND					4.76E-01	J			$\Box$
Calcium	mg/kg	1.72E+03	NA	NA	4.66E+02					2.50E+02					6.73E+02				$\Box$
Chromium	mg/kg	3.70E+01	2.32E+01	4.00E-01	8.20E+00				YES	9.39E+00				YES	8.91E+00				YES
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.52E+01	4.68E+02	2.00E+01	4.90E+00					3.56E+00					5.15E+00				
Соррег	mg/kg	1.27E+01	3.13E+02	4.00E+01	1.62E+01		YES			7.12E+00					5.73E+00				
Iron	mg/kg	3.42E+04	2.34E+03	2.00E+02	9.49E+03			YES	YES	1.14E+04			YES	YES	1.14E+04			YES	YES
Lead	mg/kg	4.01E+01	4.00E+02	5.00E+01	4.60E+01		YES			2.07E+01					1.75E+01				
Magnesium	mg/kg	1.03E+03	NA	4.40E+05	5.47E+02					4.81E+02					5.67E+02				
Manganese	mg/kg	1.58E+03	3.63E+02	1.00E+02	1.70E+03		YES	YES	YES	2.56E+02				YES	8.31E+02			YES	YES
Mercury	mg/kg	8.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.00E-01	1.50E-01		YES		YES	8.85E-02	J	YES			6.24E-02	J			
Nickel	mg/kg	1.03E+01	1.54E+02	3.00E+01	8.68E+00					7.48E+00					7.58E+00				
Potassium	mg/kg	8.00E+02	NA	NA	4.33E+02	В				3.39E+02	В				5.84E+02				
Sodium	mg/kg	6.34E+02	NA	NA	6.76E+01	J				5.66E+01	J				6.39E+01	J			
Vanadium	mg/kg	5.88E+01	5.31E+01	2.00E+00	1.89E+01				YES	2.27E+01				YES	2.20E+01				YES
Zinc	mg/kg	4.06E+01	2.34E+03	5.00E+01	2.39E+01	J				1.52E+01	J				1.92E+01	J			
VOLATILE ORGANIC COM	POUNDS				•														
2-Butanone	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+03	8.96E+01	NR					NR					NR				
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	2.50E+00	NR					NR					NR				
p-Cymene	mg/kg	NA	1.55E+03	NA	NR					NR					NR				
PESTICIDES																			
4,4'-DDE	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR				<u> </u>
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR				
Dieldrin	mg/kg	NA	3.88E-02	5.00E-04	NR					NR					NR				
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+01	1.19E-01	NR					NR					NR				
Endrin	mg/kg	NA	2.32E+00	1.00E-03	NR					NR					NR				
alpha-Chiordane	mg/kg	NA	1.69E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR					NR				
delta-BHC	mg/kg	NA	2.33E+00	9.94E+00	NR					NR					NR				
HERBICIDE\$															,				
MCPA	mg/kg	NA	3.88E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR					NR	<u>L.</u>	<u> </u>		

Table 5-1

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	Sample L		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				104Q-GF	<sup>2</sup> 16				4Q-GP	17				104Q-GI	218	
	Sample N						2K0033					(0035					2K0037		İ
	Sample					17	7-Jun-02	2				Jun-02				18	3-Jun-02	2	ľ
	Sample Dep						0- 1					<u> </u>					0- 1		
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL <sup>b</sup>	ESV <sup>b</sup>	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual >	BKG	>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	>ESV
METALS																			
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.63E+04	7.80E+03	5.00E+01	2.72E+04		YES	YES	YES	1.63E+04			YES	YES	6.26E+03	_			YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.37E+01	4.26E-01	1.00E+01	6.73E+00			YES		4.01E+00			YES		1.33E+00			YE\$	
Barium	mg/kg	1.24E+02	5.47E+02	1.65E+02	4.75E+01					6,22E+01					6.86E+01				
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.00E-01	9.60E+00	1.10E+00	4.22E-01	J				ND					3.65E-01	J.			
Calcium	mg/kg	1.72E+03	NA	NA	4.18E+02					5.14E+02					3.04E+02				
Chromium	mg/kg	3.70E+01	2.32E+01	4.00E-01	2.82E+01			YES	YES	1.04E+01				YES	2.92E+00				YES
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.52E+01	4.68E+02	2.00E+01	2.43E+00					4.56E+00					2.33E+00				
Copper	mg/kg	1.27E+01	3.13E+02	4.00E+01	8.79E+00					4.55E+00					2.68E+00		L <u></u>		
Iron	mg/kg	3.42E+04	2.34E+03	2.00E+02	2.31E+04	<u> </u>		YES	YES	1.17E+04			YES	YES	2.79E+03		L	YES	YES
Lead	mg/kg	4.01E+01	4.00E+02	5.00E+01	1.08E+01					1.33E+01	<u> </u>				8.36E+00				L
Magnesium	mg/kg	1.03E+03	ŅΑ	4.40E+05	5.24E+02					4.50E+02					3.08E+02		<u> </u>		
Manganese	mg/kg	1.58E+03	3.63E+02	1.00E+02	3.09E+02				YES	4.90E+02		- 1	YES	YES	3.71E+02			YES	YES
Mercury	mg/kg	8.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.00E-01	1.07E-01	j	YES		YES	5.16E-02	J				ND				
Nickel	mg/kg	1.03E+01	1.54E+02	3.00E+01	1.05E+01		YES			5.85E+00					3.22E+00				
Potassium	mg/kg	8.00E+02	NA	NA	4.32E+02	В				4.25E+02	В				1.33E+02		ļ		
Sodium	mg/kg	6.34E+02	NA	NA	6.65E+01	J				5.93E+01	J				5.88E+01	J			
Vanadium	mg/kg	5.88E+01	5.31E+01	2.00E+00	4.56E+01				YES	2.20E+01				YES	5.81E+00				YES
Zinc	mg/kg	4.06E+01	2.34E+03	5.00E+01	2.02E+01	J				1.68E+01	J _				1.13E+01		L		
VOLATILE ORGANIC CO	MPOUNDS																		
2-Butanone	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+03	8.96E+01	NR					NR					NR		L		
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	2.50E+00	NR	ļ				NR	L				NR				
p-Cymene	mg/kg	NA	1.55E+03	NA	NR					NR					NR				
PESTICIDES																			
4,4'-DDE	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR				
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR					NR				
Dieldrin	mg/kg	NA	3.88E-02	5.00E-04	NR					NR					NR				
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+01	1.19E-01	NR					NR	<u> </u>				NR				igsquare
Endrin	mg/kg	NA	2.32E+00	1.00E-03	NR					NR					NR				$oxed{oxed}$
alpha-Chlordane	mg/kg	NA	1.69E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR					NR	L			
delta-BHC	mg/kg	NA	2.33E+00	9.94E+00	NR	L				NR					NR	L	1		oxdot
HERBICIDES																			
MCPA	mg/kg	NA	3.88E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR					NR		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

Table 5-1

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s	ample L ample N Sample	lumber				G	04Q-GF 0K0040 -Jun-02				C	04Q-GF QK0042 '-Jun-02		
	•	oth (Feet)				10	0- 1	•			''	0- 1	•	
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL⁵	ESV <sup>b</sup>	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>FSV	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>FSV
METALS	Onico				resure	Quui	- Ditto	- 000L		result	Quu	, bitto	70002	
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.63E+04	7.80E+03	5.00E+01	6.01E+03				YES	1.79E+04		YES	YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg		4.26E-01	1.00E+01	1.46E+00			YES	1.50	4.40E+00	_	1	YES	
Barium	mg/kg		5.47E+02	1.65E+02	6.83E+01					1.29E+02		YES		
Beryllium	mg/kg		9.60E+00	1.10E+00	ND	-				6.38E-01	-			
Calcium	mg/kg		NA	NA	2.02E+02					7.71E+02	_			
Chromium	mg/kg		2.32E+01	4.00E-01	3.59E+00				YES	7.64E+00	_			YES
Cobalt	mg/kg		4.68E+02	2.00E+01	2.55E+00					6.14E+00				
Copper	mg/kg		3.13E+02	4.00E+01	2.23E+00					6.60E+00				
iron	mg/kg	3.42E+04	2.34E+03	2.00E+02	2.80E+03			YES	YES	1.06E+04			YES	YES
Lead	mg/kg	4.01E+01	4.00E+02	5.00E+01	1.11E+01					3.32E+01				
Magnesium	mg/kg	1.03E+03	NA	4.40E+05	3.20E+02					5.63E+02				
Manganese	mg/kg	1.58E+03	3.63E+02	1.00E+02	3.72E+02			YES	YES	2.32E+03		YES	YES	YES
Mercury	mg/kg	8.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.00E-01	ND					9.64E-02	J	YES		
Nickel	mg/kg	1.03E+01	1.54E+02	3.00E+01	3.22E+00					8.77E+00				
Potassium	mg/kg	8.00E+02	NA	NA	2.10E+02	J				5.03E+02	J			
Sodium	mg/kg	6.34E+02	NA	NA	5.89E+01	J	·			5.73E+01	J			
Vanadium	mg/kg	5.88E+01	5.31E+01	2.00E+00	6.19E+00				YES	2.12E+01				YES
Zinc	mg/kg	4.06E+01	2.34E+03	5.00E+01	1.92E+01					2.11E+01				
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMP	OUNDS													
2-Butanone	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+03	8,96E+01	NR					NR				
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	2.50E+00	NR					NR				
p-Cymene	mg/kg	NA	1.55E+03	NA	NR					NR				<u> </u>
PESTICIDES														
4,4'-DDE	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR	L			
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR				
Dieldrin	mg/kg	NA .	3.88E-02	5.00E-04	NR					NR	L			
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+01	1.19E-01	NR					NR				
Endrin	mg/kg	NA	2.32E+00	1.00E-03	NR					NR				
aipha-Chlordane	mg/kg	NA	1.69E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR	L			
delta-BHC	mg/kg	NA	2.33E+00	9.94E+00	NR					NR				
HERBICIDES														
MCPA	mg/kg	NA	3.88E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR				

Table 5-1

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s	ample Lample N Sample Sample	lumber				C	04Q-MV QK0044 B-Apr-02				(	04Q-MV QK0047 S-Apr-02 0- 1		
Parameter	Units	BKG	SSSL	ESV <sup>b</sup>	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>ESV	Result	Qual		>SSSL	>ESV
METALS					•									
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.63E+04	7.80E+03	5.00E+01	1.37E+04			YES	YES	8.20E+03			YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.37E+01	4.26E-01	1.00E+01	3.72E+00			YES		2.54E+00			YES	
Barium	mg/kg	1.24E+02	5.47E+02	1.65E+02	1.27E+02		YES			3.67E+01				
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.00E-01	9.60E+00	1.10E+00	7.72E-01	J				ND				
Calcium	mg/kg	1.72E+03	NA	NA	3.56E+02					2.14E+02				
Chromium	mg/kg	3.70E+01	2.32E+01	4.00E-01	7.93E+00				YES	3.36E+01			YES	YES
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.52E+01	4.68E+02	2.00E+01	6.06E+00					2.46E+00				
Copper	mg/kg	1.27E+01	3.13E+02	4.00E+01	6.50E+00					3.27E+00				
Iron	mg/kg	3.42E+04	2.34E+03	2.00E+02	1.08E+04			YES	YES	1.13E+04			YES	YES
Lead	mg/kg	4.01E+01	4.00E+02	5.00E+01	2.34E+01					8.98E+00				
Magnesium	mg/kg	1.03E+03	NA	4.40E+05	3.26E+02					1.90E+02				
Manganese	mg/kg	1.58E+03	3.63E+02	1.00E+02	1.98E+03		YES	YES	YES	1.38E+02				YES
Mercury	mg/kg	8.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.00E-01	4.43E-02	J	1			3.28E-02	j			
Nickel	mg/kg	1.03E+01	1.54E+02	3.00E+01	5.89E+00					3.08E+00				
Potassium	mg/kg	8.00E+02	NA	NA	3.17E+02	j				1.91E+02	j			
Sodium	mg/kg	6.34E+02	NA	NA	ND					ND				
Vanadium	mg/kg	5.88E+01	5.31E+01	2.00E+00	2.14E+01				YES	2.02E+01				YES
Zinc	mg/kg	4.06E+01	2.34E+03	5.00E+01	1.62E+01					7.40E+00				
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMP	OUNDS													
2-Butanone	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+03	8.96E+01	NR					NR				
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	2.50E+00	NR					NR				
p-Cymene	mg/kg	NA	1.55E+03	NA	NR					NR				ļ
PESTICIDES														
4,4'-DDE	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR				
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	NA	1.79E+00	2.50E-03	NR					NR				
Dieldrin	mg/kg	NA	3.88E-02	5.00E-04	NR					NR		·		
Endosulfan II	mg/kg	NA	4.66E+01	1.19E-01	NR					NR				
Endrin	mg/kg	NA	2.32E+00	1.00E-03	NR					NR				
alpha-Chlordane	mg/kg	NA	1.69E+00	1.00E-01	NR					NR				
delta-BHC	mg/kg	NA	2.33E+00	9.94E+00	NR					NR				
HERBICIDES				•			•	<del>'</del>						
MCPA	mg/kg	NA	3.88E+00	1.00E-01	NR		i .			NR				

#### Table 5-1

### Surface Soil Analytical Results Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

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Analyses performed using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) SW-846 analytical methods.

- <sup>a</sup>BKG Background. Concentration listed is two times (2x) the arithmetic mean of background metals concentration given in SAIC, 1998, Final Background Metals Survey Report, Fort McClellan, Alabama, July.
- b Residential human health site-specific screening level (SSSL) and ecological screening value (ESV) as given in IT, 2000, Final Human Health and Ecological Screening Values and PAH Background Summary Report, Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama, July.
- B Analyte detected in laboratory or field blank at concentration greater than the reporting limit.
- J Compound was positively identified; reported value is an estimated concentration. mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram.
- NA Not available.
- ND Not detected.
- NR Not requested.
- Qual Data validation qualifier.

Table 5-2

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Sample				HI		Q-GP01		H		Q-GP02		HI		Q-GP03		HF		Q-GP04	
11	Numbe	r			QK0				QK0				QK0				QK0		
	le Date				13-Ju				18-Ju				18-Ju				13-Ju		
Sample D			9991 h		2-				3-	, .			3~				2-	_	
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL
METALS																			
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.36E+04				YES	YES	1.99E+04		YES	YES	1.79E+04		YES	YES	2.28E+04		YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.83E+01	4.26E-01	4.46E+00			YES	5.05E+00			YES	3.31E+00			YES	5.84E+00			YES
Barium	mg/kg	2.34E+02		4.07E+01				1.47E+02				6.00E+01		1		2.39E+01			
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.60E-01	9.60E+00	ND				1.27E+00		YES		ND				ND			1
Calcium	mg/kg	6.37E+02	NA	4.53E+02	J			3.44E+02				5.06E+02				7.40E+01	٦,		
Chromium	mg/kg	3.83E+01	2.32E+01	1.51E+01				1.15E+01				1.22E+01				2.13E+01			
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.75E+01	4.68E+02	1.81E+00	J			5.90E+00				5.88E+00				1.99E+00	J		
Copper	mg/kg	1.94E+01	3.13E+02	6.20E+00				8.28E+00				5.56E+00				7.58E+00			
Iron	mg/kg	4.48E+04	2.34E+03	1.64E+04			YES	1.04E+04		į	YES	1.30E+04			YES	2.52E+04			YES
Lead	mg/kg	3.85E+01	4.00E+02	1.08E+01				1.63E+01				1.45E+01			·	1.30E+01			
Magnesium	mg/kg	7.66E+02	NA	4.79E+02				5.38E+02				5.76E+02				3.93E+02			
Manganese	mg/kg	1.36E+03	3.63E+02	8.19E+01	J			1.52E+03		YES	YES	3.54E+02				1.05E+02	J		
Mercury	mg/kg	7.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.14E-01		YES		2.95E-02	J			9.84E-02	j	YES		1.47E-01		YES	
Nickel	mg/kg	1.29E+01	1.54E+02	6.53E+00				8.29E+00				6.96E+00				6.62E+00			
Potassium	mg/kg	7.11E+02	NA	4.45E+02	J			4.08E+02	J			4.55E+02	J			3.99E+02	J		
Sodium	mg/kg	7.02E+02	NA	5.84E+01	J			6.03E+01	J			5.57E+01	J			5.84E+01	J		
Vanadium	mg/kg	6.49E+01	5.31E+01	3.11E+01	i			2.11E+01				2.45E+01				4.84E+01			
Zinc	mg/kg	3.49E+01	2.34E+03	1.29E+01				1.86E+01				1.50E+01				1.37E+01			
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPO	DUNDS																		
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	1.60E-01	J			NR		ľ		7.50E-02	J			NR			
Methylene chloride	mg/kg	NA	8.41E+01	ND		<u> </u>		NR				2.30E-03	В			NR		ļl	L

Table 5-2

(Page 2 of 6)

Sample				Н		Q-GP05		Н	R-1040	Q-GP06		Н	R-1040	Q-GP07		HF	R-104G	Q-GP08	
·	Numbe	r			QK00				13-Ju				26-Ap				14-Ju		1
1	le Date	-41			13-Ju 2-				13-Ju 2-				26-Ap				14-Ju		-
Sample D	· · · · ·	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL⁵	Ph . 11	_	_	. 0001	B 14		_	- 0001	D 14			> 000l	D14			- CCCI
Parameter	Units	BNG	SSSL	Result	Quai	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Quai	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Quai	>BKG	>555L	Result	Quai	>BKG	>SSSL
METALS										T**									
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.36E+04	7.80E+03			YES	YES	1.56E+04		YES	YES	2.08E+04		YES	YES	1.39E+04		YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.83E+01	4.26E-01	3.88E+00			YES	4.12E+00			YES	5.60E+00			YES	4.11E+00			YES
Barium	mg/kg	2.34E+02		5.27E+01				1.17E+02				5.22E+01				9.45E+01			
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.60E-01	9.60E+00	ND				5.98E-01	_			4.84E-01	J			4.68E-01	J		
Calcium	mg/kg	6.37E+02	NA	2.89E+02	J			2.97E+02	J			4.85E+02				3.99E+02			
Chromium	mg/kg	3,83E+01	2.32E+01	2.01E+01				1.75E+01				1.84E+01				1.01E+01			
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.75E+01	4.68E+02	2.91E+00				4.99E+00				3.77E+00				5.49E+00			
Copper	mg/kg	1.94E+01	3.13E+02	4.73E+00				4.18E+00				8.02E+00				4.36E+00			
Iron	mg/kg	4.48E+04	2.34E+03	1.82E+04			YES	1.23E+04			YES	2.30E+04			YES	1.47E+04			YES
Lead	mg/kg	3.85E+01	4.00E+02	1.26E+01				1.61E+01				1.63E+01				1.88E+01			
Magnesium	mg/kg	7.66E+02	NA	3.88E+02				3.52E+02				4.85E+02				3.82E+02			
Manganese	mg/kg	1.36E+03	3.63E+02	2.01E+02	J			1.39E+03	J	YES	YES	4.50E+02			YES	1.46E+03		YES	YES
Mercury	mg/kg	7.00E-02	2.33E+00	7.31E-02	J	YES		ND				1.62E-01		YES		4.27E-02	J		
Nickel	mg/kg	1.29E+01	1.54E+02	6.69E+00				7.10E+00		T		6.94E+00				5.85E+00			
Potassium	mg/kg	7.11E+02	NA	4.23E+02	J			3.95E+02	J			3.29E+02	J			3.40E+02	J		
Sodium	mg/kg	7.02E+02	NΑ	4.57E+01	J			4.45E+01	J			ND				6.78E+01	J		
Vanadium	mg/kg	6.49E+01	5.31E+01	3.26E+01				2.31E+01				4.24E+01				2.39E+01			
Zinc	mg/kg	3.49E+01	2.34E+03	1.19E+01				1.17E+01		1		1.58E+01				1.26E+01	J		
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPO	DUNDS										-								
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	NR				NR				NR				NR			
Methylene chloride	mg/kg	NA	8.41E+01	ŊR		L		NR				NR				NR		_	

Table 5-2

(Page 3 of 6)

	Locatio Numbe			HF	R-104G QK0	Q-GP09		HF	R-104G QK0	Q-GP10		Н	R-104C QK0	Q-GP11		Н	R-1040	Q-GP12	
	le Date	•			14-Ju				14-Ju				14-Ju				14-Ju		
Sample D		et)			3-4				2~				3-4				3-		
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL⁵	Result	_	_	>SSSL	Result		_	>SSSL	Result	_	_	>SSSL	Result			>SSSL
METALS	00																		
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.36E+04	7.80E+03	2.00E+04		YES	YES	1.49E+04		YES	YES	2.27E+04		YES	YES	1.26E+04			YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.83E+01	4.26E-01	5.57E+00			YES	4.03E+00			YES	5.40E+00			YES	3.93E+00			YES
Barium	mg/kg	2.34E+02	5.47E+02	4.26E+01				7.73E+01				4.90E+01				4.94E+01			
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.60E-01	9.60E+00	ND				4.04E-01	J			ND				ND			
Calcium	mg/kg	6.37E+02	NA	5.92E+02				3.11E+02				5.04E+02				3.35E+02			
Chromium	mg/kg	3.83E+01	2.32E+01	1.39E+01				9.00E+00				1.40E+01				1.04E+01			
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.75E+01	4.68E+02	4.31E+00				4.86E+00				4.91E+00				2.49E+00			
Copper	mg/kg	1.94E+01	3.13E+02	5.99E+00				3.92E+00				9.30E+00				4.59E+00			
Iron	mg/kg	4.48E+04	2.34E+03	2.07E+04			YES	1.40E+04			YES	2.06E+04			YES	1.35E+04			YES
Lead	mg/kg	3.85E+01	4.00E+02	1.30E+01				1,47E+01				1.60E+01				9.51E+00			
Magnesium	mg/kg	7.66E+02	NA	5.00E+02				3.47E+02				5.44E+02				4.15E+02			
Manganese	mg/kg	1.36E+03	3.63E+02	2.87E+02				8.15E+02			YES	4.12E+02			YES	1.78E+02			
Mercury	mg/kg	7.00E-02	2.33E+00	1.23E-01		YES		4.41E-02	J			1.25E-01		YES		5.26E-02	J		
Nickel	mg/kg	1.29E+01	1.54E+02	6.67E+00				5.79E+00				7.58E+00				4.69E+00			
Potassium	mg/kg	7.11E+02	NA	4.25E+02	В			3.60E+02	J			4.22E+02	В			3.71E+02	В		
Sodium	mg/kg	7.02E+02	NA	7.03E+01	J			5.87E+01	J			6.59E+01	۲			5.83E+01	J		
Vanadium	mg/kg	6.49E+01	5.31E+01	3.41E+01				2.34E+01				3.53E+01				2.24E+01			
Zinc	mg/kg	3.49E+01	2.34E+03	1.51E+01	J			1.10E+01	J			1.60E+01	J			1.08E+01	J		
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMP	OUNDS																		
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	NR				NR				NR				NR			
Methylene chloride	mg/kg	NA	8.41E+01	NR				NR				NR				NR			

Table 5-2

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Sampl Samp Sam Sample	HR-104Q-GP13 QK0028 14-Jun-02 3-4				HR-104Q-GP14 QK0030 17-Jun-02 3-4				HR-104Q-GP15 QK0032 17-Jun-02 3-4				HR-104Q-GP16 QK0034 17-Jun-02 3-4						
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL⁵	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL
METALS				•															
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.36E+04	7.80E+03	1.52E+04		YES	YES	1.18E+04			YES	1.88E+04		YES	YES	2.33E+04		YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.83E+01	4.26E-01	3.44E+00			YES	2.86E+00			YES	4.39E+00			YES	7.34E+00			YES
Barium	mg/kg	2.34E+02	5.47E+02	7.03E+01				1.95E+01				1.01E+02				2.31E+01			
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.60E-01	9.60E+00	4.21E-01	J			ND				6.51E-01	J			ND			
Calcium	mg/kg	6.37E+02	NA	4.37E+02				1.79E+02				3.75E+02				1.75E+02			
Chromium	mg/kg	3.83E+01	2.32E+01	8.25E+00				7.76E+00				9.34E+00				2.50E+01			YES
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.75E+01	4.68E+02	4.57E+00				2.46E+00				5.89E+00				ND			
Copper	mg/kg	1.94E+01	3.13E+02	4.88E+00				4.85E+00				5.40E+00				8.57E+00			
Iron	mg/kg	4.48E+04	2.34E+03	1.09E+04			YES	8.66E+03			YES	1.25E+04			YES	2.55E+04			YES
Lead	mg/kg	3.85E+01	4.00E+02	1.21E+01				1.06E+01				1.33E+01				8.51E+00			
Magnesium	mg/kg	7.66E+02	NA	5.30E+02				3.41E+02				5.65E+02				3.85E+02			
Manganese	mg/kg	1.36E+03	3.63E+02	1.25E+03			YES	1.65E+02				1.08E+03			YES	2.04E+02			
Mercury	mg/kg	7.00E-02	2.33E+00	3.02E-02	J			5.90E-02	J		· · · · ·	4.65E-02	J			1.04E-01	J	YES	
Nickel	mg/kg	1.29E+01	1.54E+02	7.13E+00				5.32E+00				8.06E+00				9.09E+00			
Potassium	mg/kg	7.11E+02	NA	4.51E+02	₿			2.11E+02	В			4.33E+02	В			2.95E+02	В		
Sodium	mg/kg	7.02E+02	NA	6.29E+01	J			7.60E+01	J			6.32E+01	J			5.62E+01	J		
Vanadium	mg/kg	6.49E+01	5.31E+01	2.03E+01				1.71E+01				2.39E+01				5.01E+01			
Zinc	mg/kg	3.49E+01	2.34E+03	1.42E+01	J			1.34E+01	J			1.57E+01	J			1.82E+01	J		
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMP	POUNDS																		
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	NR				NR				NR				NR			
Methylene chloride	mg/kg	NA	8.41E+01	NR				NR				NR				NR	Š	, i	

Table 5-2

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Sample Sample	HR-104Q-GP17 QK0036				Hi	R-1040 QK00	Q-GP18 038		HR-104Q-GP19 QK0041						
Sample Date					17-Ju				18-Ju			18-Jun-02			
Sample D		et)			3-				1-2	2		1-2			
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL⁵	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL
METALS															
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.36E+04	7.80E+03	3.18E+04		YES	YES	6.60E+03				5.53E+03			
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.83E+01	4.26E-01	6.74E+00			YES	1.65E+00			YES	1.48E+00			YES
Barium	mg/kg	2.34E+02	5.47E+02	4.68E+01				5.38E+01				6.99E+01		·	
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.60E-01	9.60E+00	4.59E-01	J			ND				ND			
Calcium	mg/kg	6.37E+02	NA	3.05E+02				1.54E+02				2.88E+02			
Chromium	mg/kg	3.83E+01	2.32E+01	1.82E+01				3.92E+00				4.41E+00			
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.75E+01	4.68E+02	2.65E+00				3.22E+00				2.06E+00	J		
Copper	mg/kg	1.94E+01	3.13E+02	7.73E+00				2.24E+00				2.89E+00		i	
Iron	mg/kg	4.48E+04	2.34E+03	2.16E+04			YES	4.06E+03			YES	3.04E+03			YES
Lead	mg/kg	3.85E+01	4.00E+02	1.13E+01				4.58E+00		,		5.67E+00			
Magnesium	mg/kg	7.66E+02	NA	6.28E+02			-	3.11E+02				2.92E+02			
Manganese	mg/kg	1.36E+03	3.63E+02	1.71E+02				1.57E+02				2.50E+02			
Mercury	mg/kg	7.00E-02	2.33E+00	2.42E-01		YES		ND				ND			
Nickel	mg/kg	1.29E+01	1.54E+02	1.09E+01		·	·	3.81E+00				3.43E+00			
Potassium	mg/kg	7.11E+02	NA	4.86E+02	٦			2.30E+02	J ·			1.90E+02			L
Sodium	mg/kg	7.02E+02	NA	4.93E+01	_			6.18E+01	J			5.91E+01	J		
Vanadium	mg/kg	6.49E+01	5.31E+01	4.26E+01				8.26E+00				6.53E+00			
Zinc	mg/kg	3.49E+01	2.34E+03	1.98E+01				8.10E+00				1.25E+01			
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMP	OUNDS														
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	NR				NR				NR			
Methylene chloride	mg/kg	NA .	8.41E+01	NR				NR				NR			

Table 5-2

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Sample Sample	Н	QK0			HF	-MW01 046		HR-104Q-MW02 QK0048							
Sample Date Sample Depth (Feet)					17-Jun-02 3-4					r-02 4		26-Apr-02 3-4			
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL <sup>b</sup>	Result		<del></del>	>SSSL	Result		>SSSL	Result			>SSSL	
METALS	Ointo			Reduit	- Cau	- 5.10	7 0002	ricount	Quu.	· Divo	7002	rtoduit	- Guui	- 5.10	
Aluminum	mg/kg	1.36E+04	7.80E+03	2.41E+04		YES	YES	2.32E+04		YES	YES	1.88E+04		YES	YES
Arsenic	mg/kg	1.83E+01	4.26E-01	5.34E+00			YES	5.87E+00			YES	5.65E+00			YES
Barium	mg/kg	2.34E+02	5.47E+02	7.77E+01				3.64E+01				2.33E+01			
Beryllium	mg/kg	8.60E-01	9,60E+00	5.26E-01	J			4.60E-01	J			4.63E-01	J		
Calcium	mg/kg	6.37E+02	NA	4.22E+02				5.52E+02				1.22E+02			
Chromium	mg/kg	3.83E+01	2.32E+01	9.61E+00				1.70E+01				3.15E+01			YES
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.75E+01	4.68E+02	6.41E+00			i	3.32E+00				1.78E+00	J		
Copper	mg/kg	1.94E+01	3.13E+02	6.79E+00				7.77E+00				7.04E+00			
Iron	mg/kg	4.48E+04	2.34E+03	1.53E+04			YES	2.53E+04			YES	3.19E+04			YES
Lead	mg/kg	3.85E+01	4.00E+02	1.55E+01				1.53E+01				1.17E+01			
Magnesium	mg/kg	7.66E+02	NA	6.98E+02				5.19E+02				2.80E+02			
Manganese	mg/kg	1.36E+03	3.63E+02	2.06E+03		YES	YES	2.23E+02				8.09E+01			
Mercury	mg/kg	7.00E-02	2.33E+00	7.06E-02	J	YES	, I	2.01E-01		YES		1.20E-01	J	YES	
Nickel	mg/kg	1.29E+01	1.54E+02	1.07E+01				6.39E+00				4.11E+00			
Potassium	mg/kg	7.11E+02	NA	5.62E+02	J			3.25E+02	7			1.37E+02	J		
Sodium	mg/kg	7.02E+02	NA	5.62E+01	J			4.24E+01	_			6.26E+01	J		Į
Vanadium	mg/kg	6.49E+01	5.31E+01	3.03E+01				4.70E+01				6.56E+01		YES	YES
Zinc	mg/kg	3.49E+01	2.34E+03	1.96E+01				1.55E+01				1.08E+01			
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS															
Acetone	mg/kg	NA	7.76E+02	NR				NR				NR			i
Methylene chloride	mg/kg	NA	8.41E+01	NR				NR				NR			

Analyses performed using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) SW-846 analytical methods.

mg/kg - Milligrams per kilogram.

NA - Not available.

ND - Not detected.

NR - Not requested.

Qual - Data validation qualifier.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> BKG - Background. Concentration listed is two times (2x) the arithmetic mean of background metals concentration given in SAIC, 1998, Final Background Metals Survey Report, Fort McClellan, Alabama, July.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Residential human health site-specific screening level (SSSL) as given in IT Corporation (2000), *Final Human Health and Ecological Screening Values and PAH Background Summary Report, Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama*, July.

B - Analyte detected in laboratory or field blank at concentration greater than the reporting limit.

J - Compound was positively identified; reported value is an estimated concentration.

#### Table 5-3

# Groundwater Analytical Results Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

Sample Loca Sample Nun Sample Da	•		QK3 QK3 20-Ju			HR-104Q-MW02 QK3003 21-Jun-02					
Parameter	Units	BKG <sup>a</sup>	SSSL⁵	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL	Result	Qual	>BKG	>SSSL
METALS											
Barium	mg/L	1.27E-01	1.10E-01	1.12E-02				4.59E-03	J		
Calcium	mg/L	5.65E+01	NA	1.84E+00				2.40E+01			
Iron	mg/L	7.04E+00	4.69E-01	6.15E-03	J			6.86E-02	В		
Magnesium	mg/L	2.13E+01	NA	1.06E+00				1.38E+01			
Manganese	mg/L	5.81E-01	7.35E-02	5.52E-02	٦			7.02E-03	J		
Potassium	mg/L	7.20E+00	NA	ND				1.17E+00	J		
Sodium	mg/L	1.48E+01	NA	9.08E-01	В			8.24E-01	В		
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS											
Methylene chloride	mg/L	NA	7.85E-03	4.20E-04	В			NR			

Analyses performed using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) SW-846 analytical methods.

- B Analyte detected in laboratory or field blank at concentration greater than the reporting limit.
- J Compound was positively identified; reported value is an estimated concentration.

mg/L - Milligrams per liter.

NA - Not available.

ND - Not detected.

NR - Not requested.

Qual - Data validation qualifier.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> BKG - Background. Concentration listed is two times (2x) the arithmetic mean of background metals concentration given in SAIC, 1998, Final Background Metals Survey Report, Fort McClellan, Alabama, July.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Residential human health site-specific screening level (SSSL) as given in IT Corporation (2000), Final Human Health and Ecological Screening Values and PAH Background Summary Report, Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama, July.

1 2 3	<ul> <li>Aluminum (16,700 to 27,200 mg/kg) exceeded its SSSL (7,803 mg/kg) and background (16,306 mg/kg) at six sample locations (HR-104Q-GP04, HR-104Q-GP05, HR-104Q-GP14, HR-104Q-GP15, HR-104Q-GP16, and HR-104Q-GP20).</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>Chromium (74.3 mg/kg) exceeded its SSSL (23.2 mg/kg) and background (37.0 mg/kg) at sample location HR-104Q-GP03.</li> </ul>
8 9 10	<ul> <li>Manganese (1,630 to 2,400 mg/kg) exceeded its SSSL (363 mg/kg) and background (1,579 mg/kg) at five sample locations (HR-104Q-GP07, HR-104Q-GP08, HR-104Q-GP13, HR-104Q-GP20, and HR-104Q-MW01).</li> </ul>
11 12	The concentrations of six metals (aluminum, chromium, iron, manganese, mercury, and
13	vanadium) exceeded their respective ESVs. Of these, concentrations of aluminum, chromium,
	manganese, and mercury also exceeded their respective background concentrations in one or
14	·
15	more samples:
16	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
17	<ul> <li>Aluminum (16,700 to 27,200 mg/kg) exceeded its ESV (50 mg/kg) and background (16,306 mg/kg) at six sample locations (HR-104Q-GP04, HR-104Q-</li> </ul>
18 19	GP05, HR-104Q-GP14, HR-104Q-GP15, HR-104Q-GP16, and HR-104Q-GP20).
20	0. 00, 1.1. 10 14 0. 1., 1.1. 10 14 0. 10, 1.1. 10 14 0. 20).
21	<ul> <li>Chromium (74.3 mg/kg) exceeded its ESV (0.4 mg/kg) and background (37.0</li> </ul>
22	mg/kg) at sample location HR-104Q-GP03.
23	Management (1 (20 to 2 400 mg/log) arranded its ESV (100 mg/log) and healtoning
24 25	<ul> <li>Manganese (1,630 to 2,400 mg/kg) exceeded its ESV (100 mg/kg) and background (1,579 mg/kg) at five sample locations (HR-104Q-GP07, HR-104Q-GP08, HR-</li> </ul>
26	104Q-GP13, HR-104Q-GP20, and HR-104Q-MW01).
27	
28	<ul> <li>Mercury (0.15 and 0.11 mg/kg) exceeded its ESV (0.10 mg/kg) and background</li> </ul>
29	(0.08 mg/kg) at two sample locations (HR-104Q-GP13 and HR-104Q-GP16).
30	Weletie Omenie Ochanouska T. C. H. 1.1. C. MOC.
31	<b>Volatile Organic Compounds.</b> Two surface soil sample locations were analyzed for VOCs:
32	HR-104Q-GP01 and HR-104Q-GP03. A total of three VOCs (2-butanone, acetone, and p-
33	cymene) were detected in the samples at concentrations below SSSLs and ESVs.
34	
35	Semivolatile Organic Compounds. Two surface soil sample locations were analyzed for
36	SVOCs: HR-104Q-GP01 and HR-104Q-GP03. SVOCs were not detected in the samples.
37	
38	<b>Pesticides.</b> Two surface soil sample locations were analyzed for pesticides: HR-104Q-GP01
39	and HR-104Q-GP03. Seven pesticides were detected at one sample location (HR-104Q-GP01)
40	at concentrations below SSSLs. The concentrations of three compounds (4,4'-

dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane [DDT], dieldrin, and endrin) exceeded their respective ESVs in

- the sample. Pesticide concentrations in the sample ranged from 0.00034 to 0.0035 milligrams
- 2 per kilogram (mg/kg); all of the results were flagged with a "J" data qualifier, indicating that the
- 3 compounds were detected at estimated concentrations below method reporting limits.

4

- 5 Herbicides. Two surface soil sample locations were analyzed for herbicides: HR-104Q-GP01
- and HR-104Q-GP03. One pesticide (4-chloro-2-methylphenoxyacetic acid [MCPA]) was
- detected at one sample location (HR-104Q-GP01) at a concentration (0.93 mg/kg) below its
- 8 SSSL but exceeding its ESV (0.1 mg/kg). However, the analytical result was flagged with a "J"
- 9 data qualifier, indicating that the compound was detected at an estimated concentration below the
- 10 method reporting limit.

11 12

**Explosives.** Explosives were not detected in the surface soil samples.

13 14

#### 5.2 Subsurface Soil Analytical Results

- 15 Twenty-two subsurface soil samples were collected for chemical analysis at the Former
- Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q. Subsurface soil samples were collected at depths
- greater than 1 foot bgs at the locations shown on Figure 3-1. Analytical results were compared to
- residential human health SSSLs and metals background concentrations, as presented in Table
- 19 5-2.

20

- 21 **Metals.** A total of 18 metals were detected in the subsurface soil samples collected at the site.
- 22 The concentrations of six metals (aluminum, arsenic, chromium, iron, manganese, and
- vanadium) exceeded their respective SSSLs in one or more samples. Of these, concentrations of
- 24 aluminum, manganese, and vanadium also exceeded their respective background concentrations:

2526

• Aluminum (13,900 to 31,800 mg/kg) exceeded its SSSL (7,803 mg/kg) and background (13,591 mg/kg) at 18 sample locations.

272829

 Manganese (1,390 to 2,060 mg/kg) exceeded its SSSL (363 mg/kg) and background (1,355 mg/kg) at four sample locations (HR-104Q-GP02, HR-104Q-GP06, HR-104Q-GP08, and HR-104Q-GP20).

313233

30

Vanadium (65.6 mg/kg) exceeded its SSSL (53.1 mg/kg) and background (64.9 mg/kg) at sample location HR-104Q-MW02.

- Volatile Organic Compounds. Two subsurface soil sample locations were analyzed for
- VOCs: HR-104Q-GP01 and HR-104Q-GP03. A total of two VOCs (acetone and methylene
- chloride) were detected in the samples at concentrations below SSSLs.

1

2 Semivolatile Organic Compounds. Two subsurface soil sample locations were analyzed

3 for SVOCs: HR-104Q-GP01 and HR-104Q-GP03. SVOCs were not detected in the samples.

4

- 5 Pesticides. Two subsurface soil sample locations were analyzed for pesticides: HR-104Q-
- 6 GP01 and HR-104Q-GP03. Pesticides were not detected in the samples.

7

- 8 Herbicides. Two subsurface soil sample locations were analyzed for herbicides: HR-104Q-
- 9 GP01 and HR-104Q-GP03. Herbicides were not detected in the samples.

10

11 **Explosives.** Explosives were not detected in the subsurface soil samples.

12

#### 13 5.3 Groundwater Analytical Results

- 14 Two groundwater samples were collected for chemical analysis at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun
- 15 Range, Parcel 104Q, at the locations shown on Figure 3-1. Analytical results were compared to
- residential human health SSSLs and metals background concentrations, as presented in Table
- 17 5-3.

18

- 19 **Metals.** A total of seven metals were detected in the groundwater samples collected at the site
- 20 at concentrations below SSSLs and background concentrations.

21

- 22 **Volatile Organic Compounds.** One groundwater sample location, HR-104Q-MW01, was
- 23 analyzed for VOCs. One VOC (methylene chloride) was detected in the sample at a
- 24 concentration below its SSSL.

25

- 26 **Semivolatile Organic Compounds.** One groundwater sample location, HR-104Q-MW01,
- was analyzed for SVOCs. SVOCs were not detected in the sample.

28

- 29 **Pesticides.** One groundwater sample location, HR-104Q-MW01, was analyzed for pesticides.
- 30 Pesticides were not detected in the sample.

31

- Herbicides. One groundwater sample location, HR-104Q-MW01, was analyzed for herbicides.
- Herbicides were not detected in the sample.

34

Explosives. Explosives were not detected in the groundwater samples.

#### 5.4 Statistical and Geochemical Evaluations of Site Metals Data

- 2 Site metals data were further evaluated using statistical and geochemical methods to determine if
- 3 the metals detected in site media are site related. This multi-tiered approach is described in the
- 4 Shaw technical memorandum "Selecting Site-Related Chemicals for Human Health and
- 5 Ecological Risk Assessments for FTMC: Revision 2" (Shaw, 2003). The statistical and
- 6 geochemical evaluations determined that the metals detected in site media were all naturally
- 7 occurring (Appendix G).

8

1

#### 5.5 Human Health Preliminary Risk Assessment

- 10 A human health preliminary risk assessment (PRA) was performed to further characterize the
- potential threat to human health from exposure to environmental media at the Former
- 12 Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q. The PRA approach was developed at the request of
- 13 EPA and ADEM to provide a fast and inexpensive estimation of risk for relatively simple sites.
- 14 It was derived from the streamlined risk assessment (SRA) protocol developed for FTMC and
- documented in the installation-wide work plan (IT, 1998). A PRA is a simplified version of an
- SRA, differing primarily in that the maximum detected concentration (MDC) rather than an
- estimate of average is adopted as the source-term concentration for use in the risk assessment.
- 18 However, a PRA cannot be less conservative (protective) than an SRA and is generally more
- 19 protective. The PRA for Parcel 104Q is included as Appendix H. It discusses the environmental
- 20 media of interest, selection of site-related chemicals, selection of COPCs, risk characterization,
- 21 uncertainty evaluation, and conclusions.

22

- 23 The foundation of the PRA is the SSSL, which incorporates all the exposure and toxicological
- 24 assumptions and precision of a complete baseline risk assessment. SSSLs are receptor-,
- 25 medium-, and chemical-specific risk-based concentrations that are used to screen media to select
- 26 COPCs and to characterize the risk, i.e., compute the incremental lifetime cancer risk (ILCR) and
- 27 hazard index (HI) for noncancer effects associated with exposure to site media.

- 29 The SSSLs applied to a given site represent the most highly exposed receptor scenario for each of
- several plausible uses for the site. For Parcel 104Q, three receptor scenarios were evaluated:
- 31 groundskeeper, construction worker, and resident. COPCs were selected from the site-related
- 32 chemicals identified in the previous section by comparing the MDC of the site-related chemical
- with the appropriate SSSL. Chemicals that were identified as not being site-related were dropped
- 34 from further consideration because their presence was not attributed to site activities. The
- 35 COPCs selected in this manner are the chemicals in each medium that may contribute
- significantly to cancer risk or to the potential for noncancer effects. As noted above, the MDC

- was selected as the source-term concentration for use in risk characterization. ILCR and HI
- values were estimated for each COPC in each medium and were summed to obtain total ILCR
- 3 and HI values for each receptor.

4

- 5 Low levels of VOCs, pesticides, and herbicides were detected in surface soil. Low levels of
- 6 VOCs were detected in subsurface soil. With the exception of methylene chloride, a common
- 7 laboratory contaminant, no organic chemicals were identified in groundwater. No chemicals
- 8 were selected as COPCs in site media. The PRA concluded that exposure to site media is
- 9 unlikely to result in adverse health effects for any of the receptors evaluated.

10 11

#### 5.6 Preliminary Ecological Risk Assessment

- 12 A PERA was performed to further characterize the potential threat to ecological receptors from
- exposure to environmental media at the Former Rifle Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q. The
- 14 PERA approach was derived from the screening-level ecological risk assessment protocol
- developed for FTMC and documented in the installation-wide work plan (IT, 1998). The PERA
- for Parcel 104Q is included as Appendix I. It discusses the ecological habitat, environmental
- media of interest and data selection, selection of constituents of potential ecological concern
- 18 (COPEC), risk characterization, uncertainty analysis, and conclusions.

19 20

- The medium of interest at Parcel 104Q is surface soil. There are no water bodies or wetlands
- associated with the site. Exposures to subsurface soil and groundwater are unlikely for
- 22 ecological receptors at this site. In order to determine whether constituents detected in site
- 23 samples have the potential to pose adverse ecological risks, screening-level hazard quotients
- 24 were developed via a three-step process as follows:

2526

- 1) Comparison to ESVs
- 2) Identification of essential macronutrients
- 3) Comparison to naturally occurring background concentrations.

28 29

- 30 The ESVs represent the most conservative values available from various literature sources and
- have been selected to be protective of the most sensitive ecological assessment endpoints. The
- 32 ESVs have been developed specifically for FTMC in conjunction with EPA Region 4 and are
- presented in the Final Human Health and Ecological Screening Values and PAH Background
- 34 Summary Report (IT, 2000b). The ESVs are based on no-observed-adverse-effect-levels
- 35 (NOAEL), when available. If a NOAEL-based ESV was not available for a certain constituent,
- then the most health-protective value available from the scientific literature was used. If a

constituent was detected at a maximum concentration that exceeded its ESV, was not an essential macronutrient, and was greater than the naturally occurring levels at FTMC, then it was selected as a COPEC for further ecological risk characterization.

The PERA initially identified three pesticides (4,4'-DDT, dieldrin, and endrin) and one herbicide (MCPA) as COPECs in surface soil at Parcel 104Q. The PERA considered additional lines of evidence to further refine the selection of COPECs. Additional lines of evidence included frequency of detection, magnitude of hazard quotient screening value, comparison to alternative ESVs, and association of a chemical with known Army activities. Following COPEC selection refinement using additional lines of evidence, the PERA determined that these constituents should not be retained as COPECs. The PERA concluded that these chemicals are unlikely to pose a risk to ecological receptors at the site.

#### 6.0 Summary, Conclusions, and Recommendations

1

2 Shaw completed an SI at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, at FTMC in 3 Calhoun County, Alabama. The SI was conducted to determine whether chemical constituents 4 are present at the site at concentrations that pose an unacceptable risk to human health or the 5 environment. The SI at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, consisted of the 6 collection and analysis of 22 surface soil samples, 22 subsurface soil samples, and 2 groundwater 7 samples. In addition, two permanent monitoring wells were installed in the saturated zone to 8 9 facilitate groundwater sample collection and provide site-specific geological and hydrogeological 10 characterization information. 11 12 Chemical analysis of samples collected at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q, indicates that metals, VOCs, pesticides, and one herbicide were detected in site media. SVOCs 13 and explosives were not detected in site media. Analytical results were compared to the SSSLs 14 and ESVs developed for human health and ecological risk evaluations as part of the ongoing SIs 15 being performed under the BRAC Environmental Restoration Program at FTMC. Additionally, 16 metals concentrations exceeding SSSLs and ESVs were compared to medium-specific 17 18 background screening values (SAIC, 1998). Site metals data were further evaluated using statistical and geochemical methods to select site-related metals. A PRA and PERA were also 19 performed to further characterize the potential threat to human health and the environment. 20 21 Although Parcel 104O is projected for industrial and passive recreation reuse (EDAW Inc., 22 1997), the analytical data were evaluated against a residential reuse scenario to determine if the 23 site is suitable for unrestricted future use. All metals in soil and groundwater were determined to 24 be present at naturally occurring levels. The organic chemicals detected in site media were 25 present at concentrations below their SSSLs. Therefore, no chemicals were selected as COPCs 26 27 in the PRA. The PRA concluded that exposure to site media does not pose a threat to human health. 28 29 30 COPECs initially identified in the PERA were three pesticides (4,4'-DDT, dieldrin, and endrin) and one herbicide (MCPA) in surface soil. Upon consideration of additional lines of evidence, 31 however, the PERA determined that these chemicals should not be retained as COPECs. The 32 PERA concluded that these compounds are unlikely to pose a risk to ecological receptors. 33 34 Based on the results of the SI, past operations at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 35 104Q, have not adversely impacted the environment. The metals and chemical compounds 36 detected in site media do not pose an unacceptable risk to human health and the environment. 37

- 1 Therefore, Shaw recommends "No Further Action" and unrestricted land reuse with regard to
- 2 CERCLA-related hazardous substances at the Former Rifle/Machine Gun Range, Parcel 104Q.

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